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Negro Disfranchisement.

FORTY ELECTORIAL COLLEGE VOTES ALREADY DECLARED FOR IT.—THE REPEAL OF THE 15TH AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION.—A QUESTION OF DEMOCRATIC CONTROL.

It is only a question of democratic control when efforts will be made to disfranchising the entire negro race or repeal the 15th Amendment to the Constitution of the United States. Those democratic negroes who are passing as friends to the race are no more than traitors to their people and political instruments in the hands of the democratic party. Forty electorial college votes now stand for the disfranchisement of the negro.

From close estimate, "there are forty Representatives in Congress and forty votes in the electorial college which stand for a class having no voice in the choice of them except in so far as colored men are allowed to exercise the right of suffrage north of the Ohio River and in Texas."

An article in the Chicago Globe Democrat, by W. B. S. gives a concise and logical report of the several states which have practically disfranchised the negro.

In 1880 Senator Lodge of Massachusetts made an attempt to strengthen the Federal Election Law, because there was a movement by the democratic party to nulify negro suffrage. This bill passed the House but died in the Senate.

In 1884 the Democratic Congress wiped the National Election Laws from the statute books. A minority report was made by the republican senators, recognizing the repeal as inevitable, which contained this significant paragraph:

"It is not likely that this particular measure (reference being to the Lodge election law) will ever be revived. The control of national legislation in this country will be some time beyond the reach of the republican party, and we believe that it is the desire of a majority of the people that the experiment should be fully tried whether existing laws and an improving sentiment will not cure the evils complained of; so that it is not probable that any legislation having the same object will be proposed again for many years to come or that it will ever be proposed unless experience shall satisfy the people of the country, without political or sectional division and with substantial unanimity, that the existing instrumentalities for securing fair elections have failed.

Six years ago the republican party appealed to the American people for Congress to meet this unjust act on the part of the democratiic party against the disfranchisement of the negro. Notwithstanding the fight that the republican party is making for the negro to protect him in his civil and political rights, negro democratic clubs are being organized. A Negro Press Associon meets and refuses to indorse the administration that is protecting him and virtually indorses the dsmocratic party that is disfranchising him.

"The Mississippi amendment requires that every voter shall be able to give a reasonable interpretation of any clause in the state constitution which may be read to him. This makes the election officers the sole judges of the voter's quanfication under the amendment, and they accept the white man's interpretation, while they reject the negro's. South Carolina supresses the negro vote similarly. It was left for Louisana to go a long step farther. There the nullifiers make intelligence, the ability to read and write, the test, and provide that the requirement shall only apply to negroes. They especially exempt the white people. They do not say "white," but the constitution reads that it shall not apply to those eligible to vote in 1867 and to their decendents. It might as well read:

"Males above 21 years who cannot read and write and are black shall not vote; white who cannot read and write may vote."

North Carolina, by the adoption of its constitutional amendmedt, a few day sgo, repeats the Louisanna provision, and even goes a little farther.

Of course the Goebel law and its provisions and purposes to centralize election machinery under the complete and exclusive control of the state Democratic goberment, the country has heard so much that rehearsal would not be profitable. In Missouri this Democratic tendency has shown itself in the Nesbit law, applying to the principle of Republican disfranchisement to the two principal cities of the state.

Of this ditfranchising movement in Tennesseee so much has not been heard, yet the progress made there is alarming. It takes the form of whole sale suppression and perversion on the white vote of east Tennessee. This movement obtained impetus a few years ago, when the state government threw out the votes which had elected the Republican ticket and gave the certificate to Democrats. A letter recently received at the Repnblican national headquarters shows the bold ness and extent of the white disfranchisement. The writer says:

"Tennessee, following the suit of other Southern states, enacted election laws intended primarily to get rid of the negro. They have served their purpose in this respect, and now the Democrat machine in this state is applying these laws to the white people of East Tennessee with an impudence and boldness that temporarily staggers our people. The laws are being gradually extended, until the whole scheme will cover the entire state."

Arkansas, perhaps, leads the others in the lengths to which the Democrats have gone in the disfranchisement of Republicans. This year will furnish a striking object lesson in the possibilities of the suppression of suffrage in the South. There is a widespread revolt in Arkansas among Democrats against their nominee for Governor. Thousands are inclined to vote against him. So well fixed is the machinery, however, that, although the Democrats would furnish the votes to elect the Republican nominee if there could be a fair election, disfranchisement will thwart the will of the better elements.

DEMOCRATIC BOODLE.

(Special Correspondence)

New York, August—It must not be supposed that the Democratic National Committee is going to be without funds in this political campaign. In fact it is abundantly in funds at present, and all signs indicate that it will continue to be "flush" throughout. That is already evident from the way in which Chairman Jones and his Committee are spending money, and furthermore, it is not hard to imagine, or indeed to find out exactly, where immense amounts of the "dough" are coming from.

The New York *World*, the leading Democratic paper here, has stated positively in so many words that William A. Clark of Montanna (whom it calls "Ex-Senator" as if he had been in the Senate), gave his check just before he sailed for Europe to Chairman Jones for $100,000, promising to do more and better later on if it should be necessary—and of course it will be necessary.

The *World* also quotes "Senator" Clark's friends as declaring the Montanna multi-millionaire and briber would rather give five hundred thousand dollars than see the electorial vote of his own state cast for McKinley.

It is difficult to realize that so much money conld be spent for snch a purpose in so comparitively small a state, yet those who are best posted about such matters consider it entirely possible, in view of what Mr. Clark has done in simular directions hitherto.

It goes without saying that Clark and his Montanna delagation were not admitted to the Kansas City Convention without his agreeing to do something handsome in return; and Clark has evidently made a beginning, though perhaps a small one, is doing that handsome thing.

The *World* by the way, prints a facsimile of the Clark check for $100,000, so that its existence would seem to have been real.

Senator Chandler of New Hampshire is well remembered for his extraordinary and successful efforts to keep William A. Clark out of the Senate; and now it is a commonly accepted fact in New Hampshire that is going to return these courtesies by spending no end of money, all that might be required, to defeat Mr. Chandler for re-election. It is doubtful if this kind of thing will go in New Hampshire, especially if it becomes sufficiently well known that Clark is determined upon that course. The incident, doubtless a true one, is sufficient to illnstrate however, that Clark has all kinds of money to spend, a fact long well known; and that he is willing to spend it, and he is not much more particular about the locality where his leg is pulled than he is about the method by which the act is done.

The Democrats, as is well known, are in control of almost all the large cities, and as no jealously for Civil Service reform concerns them when then they get in, it follows that nearly all of the office holders in the large cities are Democrats. So staunch an Anti-Expansion paper as the New York *Herald* declares that half a million dollars will be raised among the Democratic office holders of New York and Brooklyn. This is credible and if that much can be done in these localities alone, it is an indication that ten times as much money could probably be raised in other Democratic cities, all taken together, especially since Mr. Bryan has pointed out that the Bryanite Campaign is very fortunate in having control of the organization in the chief cities. Perhaps this is the real reason that he had in mind for congratulating himself.

The New York Journal, Mr. William R. Hearst's socialist daily newspaper here, strongly urges the nomination of Comptroller Coler for Governor. Croker is against that, and will probably prevail. Coler seem to be a pretty brave and honest man, though it must be admitted that his critics themselves admit that they have not quite gone to the bottom of this particular case of reform. They know only too well that human nature is human nature, wherever you find it. If it is true, as Mr. Coler contends, that commercialism in politics is the most horrible thing in the world, it is argued even by some of his friendly critics that he must not have had a sufficiently good advantage to be commercially in politics himself.

It makes a difference whose ox is gored. In proof of which two stories, and pretty good ones, are always recalled here when we hear so many of these predictions, largely known to be false, on the part of leading Democrats that what they really love more than anything is the "dear peepul."

One story relates to the Hon. "Buck" Hinrickson. A year ago last July the Democratic National Committee met in Chicago. Ex-Governor Stone, Mr. Bryan, and others, after the chief business of the meeting was over were invited to attend the opening of Chicago canal. Buck Hinrickson was there, his pockets fairly bulging with street car and railroad passes, and the telephone and telegraph franks that usually are sent to the Gentlemen with the Real Pull. It is related with every mark of truth that ex-Governor Stone saw these evidences of corporation favor and ask the Honorable "Buck" to procure for him a pass back to St. Louis, whither he did not want to walk. Some one asked if the ex-Governor of Missouri would fall so low as to accept a pass from a corporation, when Mr. Stone said:

"What, I? Try me!"

The other story is the old, old one, about Mayor Jones of Toledo He was a good man, and doubtless is still such a good man, that he does not believe in government by injunction. But, when somebody with an invention rivaling his own sucker rod patent proposed to do business in spite of Mr. Jones, the socialist golden rule mayor of Toledo promptly applied for an injunction according to the usual legal form.

It does not seem to make a difierence after all whose ox is gored.

The newspapers here seemed to delight, when Chairman Jones was last upon the spot, to ask him all about the American Cotton Company. They wanted to know if that was a trust, and if he was really in it, and if it was popular among the plantation owners of the South and elsewhere. Mr. Jones made more or less evasive replies.

The most pointed questions were not answered, perhaps because nobody to ask them. The American Cotton Company is capitalized at seven million dollars. No one is foolish enough to pretend that that amount of money has been paid in or that the Company has property of any kind that by the wildest stretch of the imagination could be set down as worth any such figure. Seven hundred thousand dollars, perhaps seventy thousand dollars, would fully represent the actual property of the Company. It is not likely that the personality of Mr. Jones himself on the Democratic side of the Senate, and also in the Finance Committee of the Senate, has any seven-dollar interest, or seventy-dollar interest, or in deed any seven hundred dollar interest, in the American Cotton Company. His pile has been made out of these possessions. Since he has always been a poor man and has never been known as a promoter of financial or manufacturing interest enterprises, the conclusion is irresistable that the American Cotton Company was a good thing for Mr. Jones, either because of his political prominence or because of his prominence in the Finance Committee of the Senate; for he and John E. Searles, the head of American Cotton Company and the former Treasurer and the real head of the Sugar Trust, are dear old friends. They have met many a time on the gory field of Trust legislation at the National Capital. What so natural as that Mr. Searles should put his good friend Jones in the way of making his everlasting fortune out of the American Cotton Company?

Jones is considered to be a rich man. Where did he get it? This is the significant question that the New York papers forgot to ask Mr. Jones. He has not patented a million dollar invention. He is not a great money raiser for commercial purposes. He unquestionably holds large quantites of the stock, mostly watered, of course, the American Cotton Company.

Here is another evidence that it makes a difference whose ox is gored.

The country was perfectly satisfied with the result of the election of 1896, and thousands of those who did not vote for McKinley expressed themselves as pleased with the result of the election. It will be the same in 1900.

All voters who desire to exchange the industrial and financial conditions of 1900 for those which obtained in 1892 should have the courage of their convictions vote for William Jennings Bryan.

HON. JOHN F. LACY, OF IOWA.

RE FORGED A CHECK.

Lawrence A. Wooden, aged twenty-five years, who has been acting as a private detective, was on Monday held in $1,000 bonds for a hearing Wednesday in the Police court, by Judge Taylor, to answer the charge of forgery.

Wooden was arrested Sunday morning about 3 o'clock on a warrant which alleged that Thursday last he made out a check for $100 on the Capital Saving Bank, in favor of Mrs. Martha Smallwood, an aged and decrepit colored woman living at No. 1117 11th street, northwest. Wooden next, it was alleged, went to the house of Mrs. Smallwood and induced the granddaughter of the old lady to sign Mrs. Smallwood's name on the back of the check. From the Smallwood home, it is asserted, Wooden went to the pension bureau and got Mr. Harry Arnold, who was well known at the Capital Savings Bank, to accompany him to that institution, where the money was paid to him.

When Inspector Boardman was informed of the case he detailed the officers named to the work it up. The latter were informed by Wooden, it is asserted that he lost $60 of the money at a race track, the remaining $40 being found in his possession when he was searched at police headquarters.

OUR PUBLIC PRINTER.

A FRIEND OF THE OPPRESSED.

The daily Times said, among other things a few days ago, that public printer Palmer was discriminating against the negro. Or rather a certain colored man sent a letter to the Times to that effect. There never was a charge so base and malicious. Mr. Palmer is one among the few old school republican officials who have been true to the negroes in his office. He has appointed more colored printers than all the public printers combined. And this is a great deal to say, but it is nevertheless true.

Mr. A. M. Clapp was the first public printer to appoint a colored man and

PUBLIC PRINTER PALMER.

he was the son of the late Frederick Douglass. The white typographical union threatened to boycot or strike. Mr. Clapp told it to strike. Mr. Clapp opened the way. John D. Defrees appointed two colored, Dr. Sam Cook, brother of ex Collector of taxes, John F. Cook, Ellie Jones and A. St. V. Smith. Mr. Rounds succeeded Mr. Defrees. He made several appointments of colored men. Next came Mr. Palmer who appointed negro printers by the whole sale, but as soon as Mr. Benedict took charge he dismissed every colored printer with the exception of two or three. The alleged charge was incompetency. Mr. Palmer succeeded Mr. Benedict and reinstated all those Mr. Benedict had discharged. Mr. Benedict returned to power and did the same thing on the recommendation of certain democratic bosses.

Mr Palmer returned to power the second time and through his private secretary, Mr. Ricketts these unfortunate colored printers were reinstated and several new ones appointed. The records of the office will show that Mr. Palmer has appointed more printers and laborers than all the public printers combined.

GOOD SENSE.

Recorder Cheatham showed his good sense by staying from these two Indianapolis side shows. These annual manageries must take place no doubt. The admission to the show of the Afro American Council was five dollars. There being 400 delegates present amounted to $2,000. After it is divided up, the negro race will be as much benefitted as a thirsty traveler would be by hot water on a warm day.

Political Traitors.

THE INGRATITUDE OF THE ALLEGED NEGRO DEMOCRATS.—A WARNING TO THE COLORED RACE.

It is quite evident that there are certain colored men throughout the United States who have decided to support the Democratic party in the coming Presidential election. The colored voters of the United States are warned against these political traitors, selfish, and disgruntled colored men, who will now betray the entire colored race for revenue only. The same men have been members of the Republican party, and have gotten fat by virtue of being connected with that party.

Their usefulness in the Republican party and with the colored race has long since come to an end. They have now decided to seek new quarters and hunt new fields of operation to the detriment of the entire colored race.

THE BEE sends out this note of warning to the colored people.

The Democratic party, which is the party of secession, treason, and oppression to the colored man, is the party represented by W. J. Bryan. A vote for Bryan means a vote for the enemy of the Negro, who has disfranchised thousands of his fellow citizens in the South. Beware of false prophets.

POLITICAL POINTS.

"Men dare to do in crowds what they would not dare to do as individuals," declared Mr. Bryan in his Indianapolis speech. Yet, strange as it may appear, this remark was not aimed at the Democrats of Kentucky and North Carolina.

The total vote of Alabama in the recent election was 150,000. Alabama has two United Senators and nine members of the House of Representatives. According to the census returns there must be some "government without the consent of the governed" in that State.

In his criticism of the Philadelphia platform Mr. Bryan was not fair enough to conced that the Republican nominees are standing by every word of it and not striving to conceal any particular plank.

Here is another sentence from Mr. Bryan's speech of acceptance which has a decided application to those Southern States where disfranchisement of the Negro is practiced: "Once admit that some people are capable of self-government and that others are not, and that the capable people have a right to seize upon and govern the incapalle, and you make force—brute force—the only foundation of government and invite the reign of the despot."

The Hon. James S. Hogg openly charged the Hon. Joe Bailey with consort with trusts. Is the octopus getting in its deadly work among the Texas democrats.

Mr. Bryan started into politics as a free trader, later he took up free silver and now he appears to be disposed to try a little freebooting.

We were glad to notice the positive tone of Mr. Altgeld's interview in reference to the Anarchists of this and other countries. Surely he is an unquestioned and unquestionable authority upen that topic.

Mr. Bryan might tell us in the next of his truly great speeches just how heavy a burden he would find an income tax to be at the present time.

Let every person who has been benefitted in his financial condition and his self-respect by the Dingley tariff ask him to day how the late lamented Dingley would vote in this campaign.

Mr. Bryan has not yet said anything in the press of the economic independence of the Nebraska hog, which is worth $4.50 more per head now than it did four years ago. It is really not nice of the Nebraska hog to be so very valuable.

Dollar Wheat and Ten Cent Cotton tell the story of McKinley prosperity.

We judge from all the newspaper accounts that William Jennings Bryan is what might be called "a good home man." Yet the fact has never been published that William McKinley ever murdered any of his ancestors.

There are over thirty thousand bank depositors in Colorado now, an increase of nearly a hundred per cent in four years. Perhaps this is one of the many valid reasons why McKinley will carry Colorado this time.

It would seem under all the circumstances as if the Sugar Trust ought to do something handsome for Richardson of Tennessee; at least, they might subscribe for a copy of his book—without any of the long-talk, either.

Hon. Arthur Sewall of Maine, who will possibly be remembered by some of our readers as having run for Vice-President on the ticket with Mr. Bryan four years ago, is out for McKinley.

It is understood that Colonel Mose Wetmore of St. Louis is much opposed to trusts unless he can sell $5,000,000 stock to one of them for $15,000,000 say.

The Philadelphia Record is another of those business wanting newspapers which eagerly and persistently support Bryan while pretending to oppose him.

It appears that sixty-three persons attended the socalled anti imperialist convention at Indianapolis. Probably they were all there.

Mr. J. J. Willett of Alabama thinks that Mr. Bryan is very strong. This is the same Mr. Willett whose unerring judgment impelled him some time ago to insist that Augustus Van Wyck of New York, one of the chief of the Ice Trust conspirators, was the only proper nominee for President.

Towne is to follow Roosevelt, it seems. We will have a lively time of it.

The betting in the East is stated to be three to one on McKinley—based, no doubt, on the hard and cold calculation that prosperity will win.

Mr. Hearst's papers are still against the banks, the National banks, the Savings banks, the private banks, and all kinds of good, safe places where the people who have money now can keep it.

"General" Coxey is also too busy with his steel plant to lead an army of the discentented on to Washington just now.

At last accounts "Coin" Harvey was farming a farm, having made all the money that he could farming the farmers.

Governor Bacon of is still hammering the Philadelphia Platform; which is all right as we suppose it is a case of root, hog or die with Bacon.

Mr. Bryan needn't worry about the safety of the Republic. There is not a good American in the whole country who would not give his life to save that same Republic.

It seems that the Indiana Democrats are organizing Bryan Soldier Clubs. How terribl Imperialistic!

While any old ratio will do for me, I would strongly urge having a different one every four years.—R. Croker.

Mr. Bryan continues to talk about money being the master. And Chairman Jones goes right ahead collecting the "moster" for campaign purposes.

Dictator Croker sits on his Saratoga throne and his sway is as absolute as was Mr. Bryan's control of the Kansas City convention.

Mr. Bryan says the Republican party puts the dollar before the man. So it does, and it is much better than placing an empty dinner pail before him.

Red shirtism in North Carolina and Goebelism in Kentucky are omitted from all of Mr. Bryan's speeches on "government without the consent of the governed."

Senator Hoar's logical reasons for urging the election of McKinley and Roosevelt have had a rather depressing effect upon the Democratic editors. They have suddenly discovered that he is not a patriot.

Dick Croker is quick to attribute disloyalty to those members of Tammany who favor the nomination of an honest man for Governor of New York.

If predictions were only electorial votes Chairman Jones would be able to elect several Presidents this year.

Issue hiding is by no means a new trick of the Democratic party.

The plea that Mr. Bryan as President would not do the country so much harm but what the Republican party could step in and repair the damage is not an enticing one to the voters.

Bryan is not slow. He determined to have the band, the fireworks, the speeches, the whoops and hurrahs at the notification meeting rather than take any chances on a ratification meeting.

Bryan's speech of acceptance was devoted to explaining the platform, and now it will be time to explain the explanation.

The cables between both Princton and Gray Gables and the public are not working, so it is impossible to secure an ex-presidential opinion of the Kansas City platform.

THE NEGRO PRESS.

ITS BOMBASTIC MEETING AT INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

Special to The Bee.

Indianapolis, Ind. Aug. 27.—The National Afro American Press Association opened its convention today with over fifty delegates present. Shortly after the opening exercises Judson Lyons, registrar of the Treasury, obtained the floor and urged the support of President McKinley. Cyrus F. Adams, president of the association, read a letter written by William F. Thorn on the conditions of the negro in the Island of Jamaica, which brought on a discussion of the race question that occupied the entire day.

At the night session a resolution to indorse the administration of McKinley was votedd own. There was a large crowd present, but only ten accredited delegates entitled to vote.

Editor Lewis, of this city, introduced the resolution indo sing the national administration, and it was opposed by Lawson, of the Pension Bureau; E. L. Manly, of Washington, and A. E. Manning, of this city, all making speeches. W. H. Steward of Louisville, favored indorsement, saying the object of the resolution was merely to compliment President McKinley and the administration on the policy toward the negroes of the South. George L. Knox, of this city, also favored the resolutions.

Jesse Lawson who made such a fight against the indorsement of the administration is a clerk in the Pension office. He was appointed to that place by a republican and under a republican administration. Lawson, whenever the democrats are in power, embraces every opportunity to compliment or indorse democratic chiefs of divisions! The last democratic administration reduced him and when the republicans came in power, it is said his pay was returned.

Manly the other negro who declined to indorse the administration was run out of North Carolina by the democrats because he wrote, as they claim, scurilous article against the white women of the South. This is a pretty pair to draw from, Manly and Lawson,

THEY SAY—

What fools negro democrats are.

Will sensible negroes will vote for Bryan.

THE BEE is the only out-spoken Afro-American administration organ.

President McKinley will be re-elected and what fools the fools will be.

Maryland will go republican notwithstanding the opposition of Mr. Wellington.

Of course there are several colored men supporting Bryan.

The worst fooled man will be J. Milton Turner.

Outsiders in the District get all the offices and Col. Parker must raise all the money.

The enemies of Col. Parker are now convinced that he is the choice of the people.

THE BEE is the peoples' paper and don't you forget it.

If you are certain then go ahead.

Of course some people go wrong.

There are several hundred negro democratic fools now.

Don't be disturbed in mind if you should run against a snag.

If all the Bishops go to Bryan the people will vote for McKinley.

Bishop Turner is for Bryan because his party compels him to ride in a jim crow car.

Don't be alarmed when you hear a noise.

The republican party is the ship and all else is the sea.

The people are satisfied with the prosperous condition of the country.

The democratic party is willing to take anything in sight.

The office holder has a hard time.

Bishop Alexander Walters will resign the Afro-American Council.

Think well of yourself because other people will not.

Don't dislike people because others do.

All questions have two sides.

It is better to listen than it is to express yourself.

The BEE is the peoples' paper.

Andrew Gleason will take all comers.

The immortal janitor of the district building will take his leave some day.

Harry Smith of the Cleveland Ohio Gazette is a big fat boy. He was angry because Col. Geo. A. Myers did not invite him to come to the dinner given to the notification committee.

Recorder Cheatham is making a great fight to be nominated for Congress. Mr. Cheatham knows how to lay wires.

Don't be in too big a hurry in expressing yourfelf,

The colored vote of Rockville is for McKinley.

Mr Hamlet has resigned and the Maryland politicians are happy.

Don't be too hasty in coming to a conclusion.

Life is what you make it.

Postmaster Merritt is a high-toned, honorable man.

The police court is in need of men like justice Taylor.

A man who has prejudices has no business to be on the bench.

Think well of those who love you.

Don't abuse people because others do.

A good republican will hold his own.

Don't change your politics because others do.

It is an advantage to you and an injury to others; stop and consider.

The man who knows what to say and when to say it, is the man for you to know.

Be resolute and calm in your deliberations.

The Bee will give you courage if you will read it.

Have you paid for this paper.

KANSAS' FIRST CAPITOL.

It Is All That Is Left of Pawnee, Once the Seat of Government of the Sunflower State.

One of the ruins that Kansas proposes to guard from the ravages of time is the first statehouse of Kansas, one of the few relics of the early days, when the settlement of the west was just beginning.

It stands near Fort Riley, in the central part of the state, and, according to the Philadelphia Press, is all that is left of the town of Pawnee, the first capital of the state.

The town was started by boomers who "stood in" with the territorial

KANSAS' FIRST CAPITOL.
(All That Is Left of Pawnee, Once a Booming Little City.)

governor, A. H. Reeder, who owned land there and was a good deal of a speculator.

The town association built the capitol, a stone structure two stories high and 40x80 feet in outside dimensions. They laid out the streets and boarding-houses were made ready for the first meeting of the legislature. Then, in 1855, the governor called the legislature to meet there, and the solons decided that they would not assist him in his plays.

They went from eastern Kansas in prairie schooners, a long procession that wound its way 150 miles out on the prairie, the travelers growing more angry that the governor had selected so distant a place. They had provisions for the trip, and when they reached Pawnee not one of them went to the boarding houses, as had been expected, but they cooked in their wagons and lived on the edge of the town site.

On the day for the opening of the legislature they went to the new stone building and held a session, which consisted of organizing and adjourning to Shawnee mission, in the eastern part of the state, where, despite all the efforts of the governor, the remainder of the session was held.

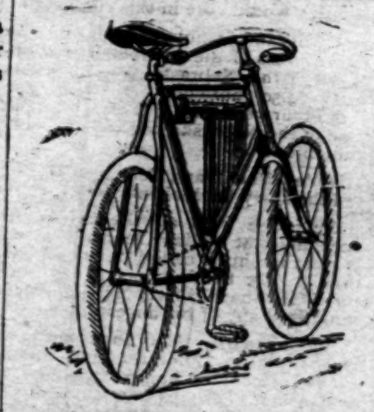
Pawnee did not make a town. The cholera broke out the next year at Fort Riley and the people fled. The statehouse stands out on the plain, deserted, the roof gone and the interior a place for the hiding of coyotes and sandhill owls. The state has been asked to purchase the old ruin and preserve it for future generations, who will doubtless appreciate it as a reminder of the efforts of the first-comers to make this a great city, and for a time it seemed likely that they would succeed.

Kansas has seven capitols, ending with the present handsome building at Topeka, not yet completed; but none has a more romantic history than the old Pawnee statehouse, and none appeals more strongly to the lovers of the picturesque.

A MUSICAL BICYCLE.

Designed for the Purpose of Giving Divertisement During Long and Tedious Runs.

At this time when so many improvements are being made on bicycles, in the way of attachable motors, etc., the machine illustrated in the Scientific American will doubtless interest our readers. It is the invention of Mr. Samuel Goss, of Chicago, and was designed for the purpose of furnishing



THE MUSICAL BICYCLE.
(Plays Melodious Airs While the Rider Works the Pedals.)

music for the rider of the wheel and his companions, in order to break the monotony and give divertisement during long and tedious runs.

The mechanism, which is quite simple, is mounted on an iron frame made to fit into that of the machine. On this frame are stretched piano wires, B, while on the cross piece, A, are some small hammers operated by pins on the cylinder, C, and made to strike the wires. The cylinder is rotated by worm gears placed at its left-hand end and driven from the crank shaft by a cord and pulley.

The inventor has foreseen the case when the riders should tire of the music, by providing a small lever for throwing out the gears and thus stopping the cylinder. The tune may be varied by putting in new cylinders, and the time of any air may be quickened by increasing the speed of the wheel.

Guests on the Left.

The place of honor at a Chinese banquet is at the host's left hand.

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Although But Ten Years of Age He Takes Delight in Committing All Sorts of Crimes.

Although only ten years old, Manuel Morris, of Chicago, has a record of perversity and monkey-like viciousness that is almost incredible in a human being.

He is of Portuguese parentage and abnormally small and slender. He has absolutely no education and is not amenable to reason. The only thing he understands is force. A lesson learned is forgotten when the teacher is out of sight. His first encounter with the police was about a year ago,

HE TORE UP THE MATTRESS.

when he climbed on to a string of freight cars on a grade and loosened the brakes, watching them coast down-hill. When locked up he began to dig out of his cell and had almost succeeded when he was caught.

Next morning Manuel was taken before a magistrate and sentenced to ten days in the reform school. He had not been there two hours before he had wrecked everything in his cell. He tore up the mattress, ripped the blankets into strips, smashed the window panes, and made wreckage of everything else he could break or tear. Then he was put into another cell. Still his jailers were considerate, and they gave him the freedom of the adjoining bathroom. Half an hour later one of the wardens heard an awful splashing. He ran to the bathroom and found that Manuel had plugged up all the bathtubs and then turned on the water and left them to overflow. The warden stormed at him, but Manuel only grinned. The warden splashed through the water to open the plugged-up holes, and in doing so turned his back to Manuel. The boy was gone quick as flash. He darted through the open door, out into the corridor, through the rear entrance, and into the grounds, grabbed at by a dozen attendants, but eluding all of them.

Since then his career has been one of endless mischief and curlike trickery. His younger brothers thrash him at will, and then he goes out and destroys something from pure mischief.

His father and mother are brutal and rough with the children and display none of the softer human instincts.

The boy is away from the light and is growing daily nearer and nearer to the brute creation, from which only a narrow line divides him.

MASHES WOMEN'S HATS.

Little Monkey Causes a Panic Among the Passengers of a Cincinnati Street Car.

A Cincinnati correspondent writes that the other day excitement ran high on an Eden park car en route to the city and it required the efforts of all the men passengers to prevent a number of women from leaping off the car while it was in motion. A little monkey was the cause of the disturbance. He

THERE WAS A SCREAM.

boarded the car in the coat pocket of his master, an Italian, and instantly made his escape, jumping on the back of the seat. There was a scream, and then another, and the monkey changed his position. This time he alighted on the shoulder of one of the women, whose hat was knocked off. Quick as thought the monkey leaped upon the head of another woman, with similar dire results.

By this time there was a panic. The monkey jumped from one position to another, pursued by the owner, who climbed over backs of seats and added consternation by his shouts, which could be heard above the screams of the frightened women. The car was stopped, and the organ-grinder finally captured the monkey. The conductor refused to allow the monkey to ride farther, but the Italian argued that as he had paid his fare he could not be put off. The monkey was returned to the pocket and was allowed to ride, but he kept the peace.

HITTING THE BRUSH.

Treatment That Is Said to Be a Cure for Brain Fag.

Backward University Students Helped Along by Electricity—Years of Study Preceded the Application of the Current.

President Jordan, of Stanford university, California, is a hard worker himself, and has but little patience with a person of indolent habits. He has always encouraged his thousand or more students to put in their best licks while at the university, never letting them forget that success can only be won by hard work. To this unremitting industry on his part and to faithful imitation on the part of his young charges can be traced the fact that in the short space of nine years Stanford has taken her place among the leading educational institutions of the land. In spite of everything, however, the tasks imposed on the youths under his care nave proven too much for them. Here and there one or two would drop out of the race and were soon forgotten by almost everybody at the university. These fallings by the wayside were the subject of frequent thought on the part of John J. Lewin, chief electrician at the university, whose misfortune it was to have a special friend drop out through inability to maintain the pace. Mr. Lewin set himself to the task of discovering some way of giving backward students such aid as would prevent them from falling behind. That was five years ago, and Mr. Lewin is now ready to give the necessary stimulant in such cases. His investigations have convinced him that electricity is a sort of elixir of youth; that it is a sure cure for brain

"HITTING THE BRUSH."
(The New Electrical Cure for So-Called Brain Fag.)

fag, and that it will nurture the mind of youth and stimulate the wisdom of age. Mr. Lewin has ponderous and exact ways of describing just how these miracles may be performed, but the young men at the university express the same ideas when they refer to the treatment as "hitting the brush." They unanimously agree that by following the electrician's instructions the human brain's ability to withstand the fatigue of labor is vastly increased. Those who have taken the treatment are also as one in the assertion that no harm comes therefrom.

Mr. Lewin has this simple method of explaining the workings of his invention: The action of electrical influences on the particles that compose the brain centers excites the nervous action controlling the flow of blood, in that way enabling the mind to do more work than would be possible under normal conditions. Added to this is the fact that the atomic action of the brain cells is rendered more controllable and facile, so that the usual exhaustion from long continued brain work becomes merely a mental recreation that neither drags nor wearies nor exhausts. In Encina hall, the largest dormitory on the college campus, where some 3,000 freshmen have during the last few years been introduced to student life at the university, Mr. Lewin first placed his invention. He did it by way of an experiment to see how it would be taken up by the inhabitants of the hall. He well knew that to be acceptable it must be harmless looking, and he made it so.

It is a simple thing to look at—a small box of light oak wood with two small handles attached, one at each end, an electric switch and arrow indicator (the whole bound, screwed and bolted tightly together)—that is about all there is to look at. A simple thing on the whole, this mystic machine, on which you press a button to make it "alive," and to throw an unknown quality of electricity into the common metal brush attached to the box by a wire, a brush that stands when you brush your hair, giving you an uncanny sensation. That is the kind of machine Inventor Lewin placed in Encina hall.

To "hit the brush" became a byword. That was some months ago. Then Inventor Lewin told what it did—this electric machine of his—but one thing he did not tell and that was the quality of the current he used. This secret he has patented, for by it lie all the wonderful powers with which it is claimed this invention is endowed. President Jordan is pleased with results so far, but with commendable caution thinks the time has not yet quite arrived for such unequivocal indorsement as the invention seems to deserve.

Spectacles for a Pet Cat.

A pet Maltese cat belonging to an English woman has been successfully provided with spectacles to correct a not failing eyesight. A picture of a mouse was used by the oculist to test the cat's eyes.

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For Columbus, 8.05 p. m., daily.
For Winchester and way stations, †8.35 a. m. 3.45 p. m., and †5.30 p. m.
For Luray, 3.45 p.m. daily.
For Baltimore, week days, x2.35, 5.00, 6.30, x7.05, x7.10, x8.30, 8.35, x9.30, x10.00 a. m., x12.00 m., 12.15, x1.10, x3.00, x4.00, x4.30, x4.35, x5.05, x5.10, x5.30, x6.20, 6.30, x8.00, x10.00, x11.30, x11.35 p. m. Sundays, x2.35 x7.05 x7.10, 8.30, x9.00, a.m., x12.10, x1.10, 1.15, x3.00, x3.30, 4.35 x5.05, x5.10, 6.30, †8.00, x10.00, x11.30, x11.35 p. m.
For Annapolis, 7.10 a.m., 12.15 and 4.30 p. m. Sundays, 8.30 a. m., 4.35 p. m.
For Frederick, week days, 8.35 a. m., 10.50 4.30 5.30, p. m. Sundays, 9.00 a. m., 1.15 p. m.
For Hagerstown, †10.05 a. m. and †5.30 p. m.
For Boyd and way points, week days, 8.35 a. m., 4.30, 5.30, 7.05 p. m. Sundays, 9.00 a. m., 1.15 p. m.
For Gaithersburg and way points, week days, 8.35, a. m., 12.50, 3.15, 4.30, 5.00, 5.30, 7.05 11.25 p. m. Sundays, 9.00 a. m., 1.15, 5.00, 7.05, 10.15 p. m.
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LASSOED A GRIZZLY.

It Was a Thrilling Tug of War Between the Bear and the Horse and Its Excited Rider.

While in quest of the outlaws who killed two men near Thompson's Springs, Utah, recently, the sheriff's posse had an encounter with a grizzly bear that was almost as exciting and dangerous as would have been a battle with the human wild beasts sought. While at Brown's Park Hacking, Dennis and Dennis' son had just crossed on the ferry boat from the north to the south side of Green river, when a huge grizzly came over the hill in sight of the

A TUG OF WAR.

ferry. The Wyoming men saw the bear, opened fire on him across the river and succeeded in wounding him. At the same time two boys, one the son of B. F. Dennis and one the son of Mr. Jarvie, started on horseback, but without weapons of any kind, to follow the bear, and succeeded in getting him to turn and show fight.

In a short time two of the Rock Springs party had saddled up their horses, ferried the river and had caught up with the boys and the bear. One of them threw a rope over him. Bruin took it coolly, and, seating himself on his haunches, commenced to draw in the slack of the rope with his forepaws hand over hand. He was so strong that he drew the frightened horse right up to him, the rope being tied to the horn of the saddle, while the rider was peppering the bear's face with a 38-caliber revolver, which caused the bear to bat his eyes a little, but had no other effect.

The other boys, who stayed off a short distance, had a good laugh at the expense of the man who was being pulled in by the bear, but it soon began to look serious, and the rider was calling for some one to shoot. Just as he was getting too close for comfort the horse made a desperate plunge and got back part of the rope. Bruin commenced to haul in again, but before he had accomplished this he changed his mind, and, to the relief of the man with the lasso, the threw off the rope and started to run. The four horsemen circled around him and the two revolvers made life very unpleasant for the bear. While these scenes were being enacted two of Brown's Park men, hearing the shots, rode up and assisted in dispatching the unfortunate grizzly.

WHIPPED HER HUSBAND.

Wife Beater in St. Louis Is Given a Heroic Dose of His Own Favorite Home Medicine.

The St. Louis correspondent of the Chicago Inter Ocean gives a graphic description of wife beaters' day in Judge Sidney's court. Four men, he says, were on the docket for whipping and beating their wives. One of them, John Hodges, of No. 2123 Walnut street, was not able to appear, being confined at the City hospital from injuries inflicted by his wife, Rebecca. The case was continued. Officer Dundon told

GAVE HUBBY A THRASHING.

the court that Hodges is in the habit of beating his wife. They have a rooming house, and on Friday night Mrs. Hodges went to a picnic, escorted by three of her roomers. John followed her. She saw him and hurried home. Hodges did the same. Mrs. Hodges went to her father's house and got her sire to go home with her. The old man hid while Hodges made the preliminary attack upon Mrs. Hodges. Then her father took a hand. He knocked his son-in-law down and held him.

"You are no longer my daughter if you don't pay him back in his own coin," he told his daughter. Mrs. Hodges was equal to the occasion and with a blacksnake whip she gave her husband a beating that he will ever remember. When Mrs. Hodges was physically exhausted she ceased plying the whip. By that time the wife-beater was covered with welts and bruises, while across his face was a lurid mark left by the lash. In his writhing he presented every part of his form to the castigation, and Rebecca saw to it that no vulnerable point escaped.

HAS LIVED ON MARS.

Queer Claims Made by Helene Smith, a Geneva Shop Girl.

Declares That Centuries Ago She Was a Hindoo Princess and Later Queen of France—Spiritualists Believe in Her.

A foreign correspondent writes to the New York Journal that scientists and spiritualists all over Europe are alike interested in an extraordinary young woman at Geneva. Her name is Helene Smith. Spiritualists believe her to be an inspired medium.

They accept her trances as proof that the spirit is reincarnated and occupies one body after another.

Helene Smith claims to have been Marie Antoinette, the French queen who, with her husband, Louis XVI., was guillotined during the French revolution.

In her trances she returns to this character like a spirit exercising memory of another state. Cagliostro, the celebrated charlatan who played upon the credulity of Marie Antoinette, appears to the dreaming girl and she converses with him.

When in this state she is asked to write her name she employs the spelling of the eighteenth century.

In another state Miss Smith's spirit goes back to an Arab princess who lived in 1400. In her dream trance she lives the life of this princess. She is married to a Hindoo prince, Sivrooka. She babbles strange sounds. Investigation showed these to be corrupt Sanscrit words. Research proved that there was a Hindoo prince named Sivrooka.

In another state Miss Smith's spirit, she says, leaps across space and becomes a habitant of the planet Mars. One of her past selves now lives there, her followers claim, proving that the spirit in reincarnation visits different planets.

Miss Smith, when in this trance, speaks a strange tongue, supposed to be the Martial language.

A remarkable feature of her trances is that in M. Flournay, professor of psychology in the University of Vi-

MISS SMITH AND HER OTHER SELF.

enna, she recognizes the spirit of her former consort, Sivrooka. M. Flournay began a scientific study of the remarkable girl. He has just published a book about her, under the title of "From India to the Planet Mars."

M. Flournay states that in his belief the girl is sincere and really undergoes the experiences which she describes. But with the scientist's skepticism he seeks to clear up the mystery around the girl's trances. His theory is that her memory during sleep, that is a dream or trance, is much more vivid and far-reaching than when she is awake. He believes Miss Smith spins a dream romance around impressions and recollections that recur only when she is asleep.

For example, he believes that she some time read about Marie Antoinette and Cagliostro and that she heard the Sanscrit words she speaks. In the Geneva public library M. Flournay has discovered a book containing an account of Sivrooka.

Those who believe that the girl's trances afford proof of the incarceration of the spirit say that even accepting M. Flournay's ingenious explanation that Miss Smith must have at one time heard what she repeats there she must have at one time lived on Mars.

In any of her dream states Miss Smith is apparently stronger of intellect than when awake. By day she is a shop girl, stolid, without imagination, healthy and handsome.

It must be understood that Miss Smith's trances occur only or even generally after she has gone to bed for the night. Whenever she is not occupied with duties that compel her attention she may pass into a trance. Scientists call this the power of self-hypnotizing. They say she can command herself to be this or that person and enjoy an interesting dream as any character she fancies.

Miss Smith has refused several offers of marriage, but so far has found no one so fascinating in this life as Sivrooka, her husband of 1400, or the King Louis XVI., her husband of the last century.

Deer a Nuisance in Maine.

In the Rangely lake region of Maine deer are so troublesome to the farmers this summer that it is a question of whether one shall give up farming altogether or shoot the deer and thus get into jail. The animals invade the gardens and dig up potatoes and carrots with their hoofs faster than a man could throw them out with a hoe, and scarcely any crop escapes their ravages. As between bears and deer, the farmers say that bruin is far less destructive.

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The Bee.

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THE AFRO-AMERICAN COUNCIL.

Bishop Walters, at the conclusion of his address, said that in the making up of the committee which is to frame the address to be issued to the country he should instruct the secretary in instances where Democratic organizations were represented by delegates from the same localities, where Republican clubs were similarly represented in the place, the name of a Democrat and a Republican in the committee.

This brought James Lewis, of New Orleans, to his feet. "A Negro Democrat," he exclaimed. "Are there any Negro Democrats here? I should like to see one.,'

Then Delegate J. Milton Turner, President Grant's Minister to Liberia, and who for many years has been an ardent Democrat, arose and said:

"I have come here to participate in the deliberations of this convention imbued with the idea that its purpose was not a political one, and that no man would appear as a Democrat or Republican, so far as his carrying out his obligations to this convention may be concerned. I am here as a representative of my race, that, and that alone, and I wish right here to inveigh against any attempt by any man who enters this convention hall as a delegate to foist political questions or political discussions upon us."

THE BEE would like to know whether the Negro has an Afro-American Council, or whether he has annually Negro camp meetings or Brother Gardner meetings?

There is supposed to exist in the United States an Afro-American Council of Negroes. Every State is supposed to have an organization of at least 50 persons. THE BEE is prepared to show that there does'n't exist in this country, to day, one legitimate Afro-American organization of fifty members. Here, at the Capital of the Nation where all of the national officers reside, are not 75 bona fide members connected with the local council. This local council is composed of a few office holders, and all of them are holding some office in the local council and if one can show what benefit this organization is to the Negro THE BEE will show the people the honor the Democratic party is to the Negro in the South and elsewhere.

At a meeting of this Brother Gardner's side show to the Negro race, J. Milton Turner, as he generally does, displayed more ignorance than he did sense, when he asserted at a meeting in Indianapolis on Monday last, that he was a colored man and came to participate with the idea that its purpose was not a political one. There was not a Negro in the council, but what had some political gas to belch forth and so far as Turner is concerned his declaration that he came in the interest of the Negro is all bosh. The Democratic party has just such Negroes as Turner, who are looking out for the Negro race with a vengence. Satan left Heaven and took with him quite a number of angels; but where can Satan and his angels be found now? And where do Satan and his angels go when they are displeased with God? Where do disgruntled Negroes go and where are they now when they get displeased with the Republican party?

So far as this so-called Afro-American Press Association is concerned it should stay buried for the good it is to the Negro race.

The Editor of THE BEE was invited, to attend and read a paper, and his subject was to have been the Negro in journalism; but he did not go, because he knew that the waters in the vicinity of Hampton, Va., were more congenial to his body and mind.

Colonel Lewis was right when he asked if there was a Negro Democrat present. Colonel Lewis a veteran warrior, has witnessed the fall of loyal black soldiers, and the appeal of helpless mothers and daughters outraged by Southern brutality. Yes, he was surprised when this "burly coon" arose in that so-called conference and declared himself a Democrat. A Negro who sucked the tit of the Republican party for years and left it after he had lost his usefulness. Let the Democrats have him. He is no good to himself and less to the race he claims to represent.

This man, Jesse Lawson of the Pension Office, who has declared on several occasions that the President always sends for him to consult with him on the Negro. From his attitude in the Press Association, the President must have failed to send for this distinguished gentleman.

If the Press Association and this Afro-American Council will just hold their mouths for six months until THE BEE can take the Negro out of the dilemna in which he has been put by these two side shows, it will be very much obliged.

THE SCHEME AT WORK.

The plan by which the Southern oligarchy is to be reestablished is being pursued with wonderful success. With the sagacity peculiar to the diplomatic Southern aristocrat, many obstacles have been apparently removed, as conditions precedent to the full exposure of the scheme of feudalism.

In the first place it was necessary to destroy, or at least minimize that sympathy for and spirit of helpfulness toward the colored race, which has always obtained in greater or less degree at the North.

This has been accomplished at least for the present, by the fine speeches, protestations, feigned friendship for the colored people, and pertinacity of the Bradys, Morgans, Tillmans, Pages, and a host of others whose propagandism against justice to the colored people has silenced the magnificent radicalism of Boston, the philanthropy of Philadelphia, and the broad and generous hospitality of the West.

Organized societies against oppression, injustice, and tyranny, which have hitherto been the redeeming and distinguishing feature of Northern civilization, are, in so far as the wrongs committed against the colored race are concerned, silenced or inactive, while organizations in which the natural superiority of the white race is declared and paraded are growing in number.

The North being apathetic, if not careless as to the treatment of the colored people, the South can proceed in its scheme of outrage and tyranny unmolested.

Beginning the crusade against the freedom and manhood rights of the colored people by brute force alone, they had advanced to that stage of audacity where law has been conjured as an adjunct to brute force, and as a consequence indiscriminate disfranchisement of the colored people has followed.

Having disfranchised the colored people, the next step is to remove from them, if possible, all conditions which might stimulate honorable ambition, love for learning, the skilled professions, the arts and sciences, and the higher mechanical pursuits and the laudable desire to be free, moral, prosperous, and happy.

This they have done by limiting their education within the narrowest possible compass.

Louisiana, the arch fiend and high priest of political chicanery, is about to abolish all grades of colored schools above the primary grade, thus enabling colored children to barely read and write. Much has been said about the "*Negro problem*" as it is termed, and many ingenious as well as nefarious suggestions have been advanced with reference to its solution. But the question is not a "Negro question," but a "*Southern question*," which includes the problem, "*How can the people of the South live without work, dominate labor without intelligent oppositien, destroy the results of the war, and at the same time compete successfully with the intelligent labor and organized capital at the North?*"

This is the question that burns in the Southern white heart for solution in its own favor. The question is therefore an industrial one and the reduction of the colored people at the South to a condition of serfdom will be the solution of the whole matter and the reestablishment of the Southern oligarchy, a potent and formidable fact.

And with the return of the Southern oligarchy into power will come the degradation of labor, white and black; the resurrection of Quixotism, doubly embittered sectionalism, and all the forms of despotic power it has hitherto exhibited to the disgrace of the Nation and the horror and misery of the common people.

A BAD BREAK.

It was indeed unfortunate for the forces of the administration at a recent meeting of the Afro-American Press Association that met at Indianapolis, Ind., this week. Had those gentlemen adopted the advice of The Bee the administration would either have been indorsed or there would have been no press convention. Mr Adams the newly elected member of the Advisory Committee appointed by Chairman Hanna seemed to have had no weight in the convention; neither did he attempt to support the resolution of Register Lyons, indorsing the administration of President McKinley, although he was the president of the press convention. It was poor politics to have had such a resolution defeated at this time. It has gone forth throughout the country that the entire negro press is against the administration. As a majority of the negro editors are either apologists or trimmers what they have said will not have any effect on the masses of the voters. Of course Register Lyons acted in good faith but it was a bad break.

BRYAN'S DECLARATION.

"If elected I shall convene Congress in extraordinary session as soon as inaugurated, and recommend an immediate declaration of the nation's purpose—first, to establish a stable form of government in the Philippine Islands, just as we are now establishing a stable form of government in Cuba; second, to give independence to the Filipinos, just as we have promised to give independence to Cuba; third, to protect the Filipinos from outside interference while they work out their destiny, just as we have protected the republics of Central an South America, and are by the Monroe doctrine pledged to protect Cuba."—Mr. Bryan's speech of acceptance.

The election of a democratic President Mr Bryan means disaster to the country. He means by the above excerpt from his speech that he will convene Congress in extraordinary session and pass such laws as will cripple the credit of this government and thus embarrass the people.

Mr. Bryan's election means the surrender of our foreign possession and a rebuke to the republican administration.

His policy would be revolutionary. He is backed up by such men as Tillman, Altgeld, Towne revolutionary advocates. This declaration of Bryan cannot be looked into too seriously. The people should be on guard and watch every movement that would tend to give the democratic party the least advantage in the coming contest.

HOW CAN THEY?

Just how colored voters can support the Democratic party in the face of the latest inquity committed against the race down in Louisiana is a mystery far more perplexing as well as disgusting than the "15 puzzle." When it is remembered that the elimination from the common schools for colored people of all grades above the 4th, is to be come general in the South and that the bulk of the white people are Democrats, it seems worse than "Iscariotism" for any selfrespecting colored man to vote the Democratic ticket. Ecclesiastical fanatics and marplots and would be nation al educators may advise colored voters to "go over to the enemy;" but the proverbial good sense of the masses of the colored race will vote the Republican ticket and thus maintain their fidelity to principles and loyalty to friends.

Perhaps the most ludicrous feature of the campaign so far is contributed by those few newspapers which claim that, notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Bryan paramounted the 16 to 1 plank by imperially forcing it into the Kansas City platform, it doesn't mean anything and that the Republicans are demagogues when they accept the challenge and attempt to refute the declaration. When a party sets up a declaration of principles and then attempts to run away from it there is sure to be confusion.

Bryan has a peculiar sort of logic. Before the convention he insisted and commanded that a 16 to 1 plank be inserted in the platform, saying that the reaffirmation of the Chicago platform was not sufficient. Now that nothing was said in the Kansas City platform about the income tax, he declared that the indorsement of the Chicago platform covers the question perfectly. Such trifling may be thought shrewd, but it is neither good politics nor respectable statesmanship.

The Democratic apology for free silver is that it is way down toward the tail of the platform as though that were evidence that they did not mean it. If they do not mean it, they are trying to fool the country with a falsehood, knowing it to be such. If they do mean it, in the event of securing a Democratic house and Bryan's election, they will not delay in commencing to think with the trifle with the financial policy of the government.

In order to find a historic parallel to the manner in which the Democrats treat the negroes in some parts of the South, it will be necessary to search among the records of the early Spanish conquerors in America. Yet Bryan would have the people believe that the mantle of Lincoln has fallen upon his sholders.

Republicans are told that they must not wave the "bloody shirt" as that flaunting garment has a tendency to keep up sectional strife. Yet the "red shirts" assemble thousands strong in ordor to make the South solid for Bryan and Stevenson.

Bryan is fond of pointing to the fact that Lincoln always had great faith in the "plain" people, and therefore he trusts his cause to the "plain" people. It should be observed however that Lincoln never tried to "fool" the plain people.

It is perhaps unfair, at least it would be embarrassing, to ask the nominee of the Kansas City convention how he would apply the principles of the Declaration of Independence to the thousands of voters south of the Mason and Dixon line.

According to Senator Tillman, stuffing ballot boxes and shooting negroes in South Carolina is all right. He would have us protect the brown man only when he is engaged in emulating the example of Aguinaldo and firing on our flag.

The Democratic managers are going to "appeal to the intelligent colored voters of the North." The Democratic party has two policies for the colored voters—a Nothern policy and a Southern policy.

It is becoming evident that Mr. Bryan does not want much said about free silver before the election. The American people, however, are not so much concerned in what may be said before election as in what will be done after the election.

Governor Roosevelt is a Dutchman, or partly a Dutchman, but it is not thought that he considers that the German Americans will vote the Republican ticket on that account. There is a better reason. There are ten of them.

Mr. Hay, says Senator Morgan of Alabama, has been wise and statesmanlike, and his course has been beyond criticism. It is an Expansion Democrat, who knows the difference between Expansion and Imperialism, that talks this way.

Do not forget that Bryan is pledged to pay in silver the first government obligation that he gets a chance to pay at all. And do not forget that the moment he does that we are on a silver basis.

There is no reason to doubt that the Democratic National Committee will pay all the expenses of the Anti-Imperialists and all other ostrich organizations circulated to support Bryan on the side.

John P. Altgeld's attack upon the war record of Governor Roosevelt is in keeping with the man. The friend of anarchists and revolutionists cannot be expected to admire robust Americanism.

The Hon. Benjamin R. Tillman is the first Democratic leader to attempt to make political capital out of the Chinese trouble. Mr. Tillman's pitchfork is avoiding the real issues this year.

General John M. Palmer has announced his intention of voting for McKinley and Roosevelt. The Democrats who favor an honest currency will not require a half-way station this year.

It is announced that Mr. Bryan is now thinking. Perhaps he only thinks that he is thinking, or perhaps the followers think that he is thinking, or think that he thinks that he is thinking.

It used to be the robber tariff with Mr. Bryan and then it was the robber gold barons. Now we suppose it is a conspirator of robber soldiers, like Chaffee, McCalla and others.

New Jersey and Alabama have about the same population, or had in 1890, yet McKinley alone polled more votes in New Jersey than Alabama polled altogether.

For a man who left the party on account of the silver question the Hon. Charles A. Towne managed to say but little on the subject in his recent letter of withdrawal.

Pretty soon Mayor Van Wych of New York will also begin to realize better than ever before that there is not so very much fun in being the ice man.

The Democratic claim that the commercial travelers of the country are all for Bryan has been seriously punctured by the increased sale of mileage tickets.

John Hay, the Secretary of State, is causing the Democrats lots of bother. They can pick no flaw in his administration of foreign affairs.

Meantime, we should like to ask where Hon. Victor Lawson of the Chicago Record, circulation 200,000 or more, realy stands in this campaign.

There is no question as to the adaptability of the Hon. Adlai E. Stevenson. They cannot make the Democratic platforms too shaky for him.

If you see it in one of Mr. Hearst's papers, printed in black-faced type three or four columns wide, you may assume that it is not so.

Mr. Bryan's speech of acceptance may furnish a little encouragement Aguinaldo and his followers, but it will not appeal to loyal Americans.

The Democratic nominee for Governor of Alabama is a horrible Gold Bug and an awful expansionist. Everything goes in Alabama.

Yes, Mr. Bryan, we are ashamed, millions of us, that the Filipinos are expecting aid from the Democrats in this election.

Former Colonel Bryan prefers the end of a Pullman car to the head of a regiment bound for the front.

The sugar trust made the Wilson-Gorman tariff not "placing the money before the man."

Kansas has slipped a cargo of flour to Hong Kong. But this is Expansion.

In case of doubt Chairman Jones goes out and views a rainbow.

Ask John Chinaman if President McKinley has any backbone.

"POLITICAL MONSTROCITIES."

(From the St. Louis, Mo., Palladium.)

Any Negro who joins the Democratic party for a few months is a dangerous man and a nine comput. Some day next winter you will see our friend and brother, Webb Davis, come back to the fold and ask for admittance. But J. M. Turner is too far out to come back.

(From the American Eagle.)

Brother Benjamin, of Lexington, (Ky.) Standard, says all democrats are not Negro-haters, but all Negro-haters are democrats. This is a declaration without thought or reason, and is far from the truth as the east is from the west. We do not mean to say that our brother meant to be false at heart, but he does not state a fact when he says all Negro-haters are democrats. There are thousands of republicans who hates a Negro worse than the devil hates holy water.

(From the Alanta, Ga., Age.)

The idea of a son of John M. Langston standing for Democracy, the enemy of his father and all Negrodom. Even Ralph himself must feel a little out of place, and especially so, since Democratic police have helped the mob of New York in the butchery of inoffensive Negroes.

(From the Memphis Tenn., Citizen)

A serious split is threatened in the ranks of the Democrats in Chicago. Two factions, one headed by J. Milton Turner of St. Louis, and the other by George E. Taylor of Oskaloosa, Ia., are struggling for recognition by the national Democratic committee. Senator J. K. Jones is said to favor the Turner faction, and his reported preference has stirred up followers of the Iowa man. Taylor is president of the National Colored Democratic League and has been assured that he would have charge of the negro bureau in connection with the national Democratic headquarters. Taylor is expected to arrive in Chicago tomorrow to deliver his ultimatum to Senator Jones.

AN OPEN LETTER

"LEAVE THE MENIAL STATE" THE ADVICE TO THE COLORED PEOPLE OF THE COUNTRY FROM BOOKER WASHINGTON

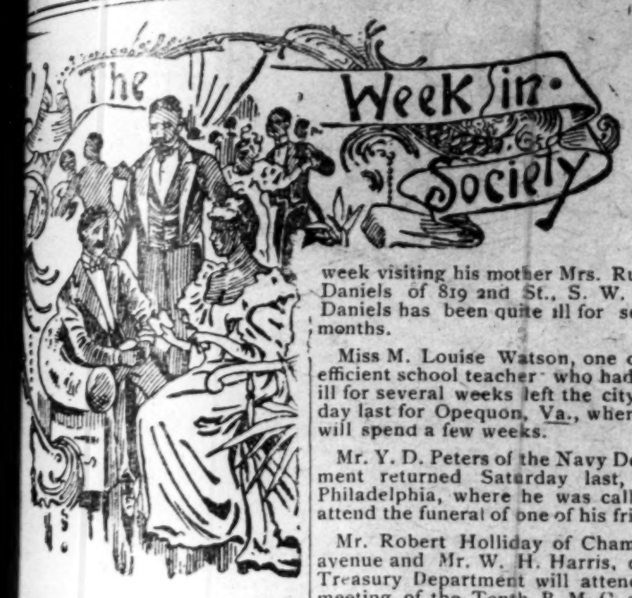
Leave the cotton field, corn field, tobacco field, and rice field. Come to Congress as soon as you can spell also if you have to ride in a 'jim crow car. If the negro wishes to court the favor of the white people of the South he must get learning, improve in morals, get money and cattle upon a thousand hills, but be sure that he learns the use of fire arms, or how to manage soldiers in battle, unless he is commanded by a white man, then it matters not whether he is on Bunker Hill or San Juan Hill. My solemn advice to the Negro is to get learning, get wisdom, get money, get understanding, get wisdom, get cattle on a thousand hills, improve your morals, and learn to use the fire arms, how to manage a company, battalion, regiments, brigade, division, and army corps. Learn how to build fortifications, throw up redoubts, etc. Learn how to make a charge in the center, and how to make a right and left flank movement on a field of battle. Pay no attention to Booker Washington's Sycophancy to the contrary notwithstanding. Raise wheat, corn, tobacco, cotton, rice, sugar, etc., but don't forget to get a Winchester, and practice target shooting daily. Don't forget that the Negro is prominent, and has been prominent in the history of the world from the beginning of the world. There is a bright future for him yet in the world, and more especially in the United States of America. Take all of Booker Washington's advice, but don't fail to take some of the advice above given by your humble servant. Among the advice that Washington seems to have failed to give, are to be fearless in the maintenance of every just and equitable right guaranteed by the Constitution. The manly and courageous use of the munitions of war.

The study of the history of the human race, though very ancient, is not till very recently, received much scientific illustration; but of late it has become very generally interesting, and many able and learned articles have been written and published on the subject of the contact of the Caucasian with the Congo or Negro race. At the head of the most learned writers on the subject we find Humboldt, Blumenbach, Cunesi, Prichard, Latham, Agassi, Bachman on the side of the unity of the origin of the human race, and Lieut. Col. H. Smith. Nott and Gliddon's types of mankind. With Morton and Agassi on the side of the plurality of origin.

This study which a few years ago appeared like a visible speck on the distant horizon of thought, now, under the banner of scientific research engage the scientific mind of the present generation.

There is no yellow peril, it is only a scarce crow.

JOHN A. MOSS.



Miss Mamie Goff of Pittsburg, Pa., the guest of Mr. J. E. Morgan, 918 th street northwest.

Mrs. Robert L. Burkett, who has een away for two months, enjoying erself by the sea, has returned much nproved.

Miss Mary Lee has gone to Culeper, Va.

Mr. John Gray left for Chicago, Ill., st Saturday.

Miss Nannie R. Lee has been in the ty several weeks, the guest of her ther, Rev. James H. Lee, since the ose of her school.

Miss Jannie Freeman, who has been the country for several weeks, has turned to the city.

Misses Lula S. Chase and Emma F. erritt left the city yesterday for tlantic City, N. J.

Dr. John Freeman has gone to hicago, Ill., and will probably re ain there some time.

Register J. W. Lyons and Stamp gent John P. Green left for Indianapis, Ind., Sunday night.

Mr. Aaron Russell Jr. has gone to hicago, Ill., in the employment of he National Committee.

Miss Lucretia Elizabeth Jones, the dest daughter of the late W. H. ones and Mrs. Hortentia E. A. Jones, f South Carolina, age 26 years, died Flint, Mich., Saturday, August 18, at 30 o'clock p. m. This young lady as been an invalid for several years nd was no doubt the pet of the fa i-

Miss F. V. Waugh of 1935½ 12th st. w., will spend the months of Sepember and October with her aunt, rs. Shepherd, in Boston, Mass.

Miss Priscilla Yates of 1622 Massausetts avenue n. w., is visiting her arents in Howard county, Md.

Miss Mary Griffin of 1208 M st n. w. ho has been sojourning at Vineyard aven, Mass., will return Septemer 15.

Mr. Isaac Pinkney of the District ealth office and Mrs Pinkney returnd last week from an outing at Chesaeake Beach, Md.

Mr. W. L. Houston, one of the most fficient clerks in the Record and Pension Division, War Department, will pend his vacation in the West. Durg his outing he will go to Indiana, hio, Illinois and Kentucky. While n the latter state he will attend the enth B. M. C. of the C. U. O. of O.F.

The many friends of Mr. Beverly W. urray of Central avenue northwest, egret to learn of his continued illness.

Mrs. Ellen Jordon, of 472 Louisiana venue northwest, is rusticating in harles county, Md.

Miss Rebecca F. Norton, of Defrees treet, left Tuesday last to spend two eeks with friends at Laurel, Md.

Miss Maud Fillmore of Washington treet, is visiting relatives at Chantilly, a.

The Lott Carey Foreign Mission ssociation held its annual meeting in lexandria, Va., Wednesday and hursday last. The Baptist churches f the District were well represented.

Dr. C. C. Stewart is at Leonardtown, d., where he will remain until Sep ember.

Miss Eva A. Chase, returned from he country on Monday and left imme iately for Boston, Mass., where she ill remain until the opening of the chools.

Mr. Henry E. Baker met with a sad oss last week while at Atlantic City. He lost a valuable watch while walkg on the beach.

Mrs. Eliza Brooks of 1021 6th St. ha returned to the city fter spending everal days with friends at Portsouth, Va.

Mr. David Warner of P St., N. W., fter a stay of ten days in Rhode Island returned to his desk in the District Building looking improved in health.

Mrs. Jesse Barnes of 41 St., S. W., as returned from Atlantic City, where he had a pleasant stay of two weeks.

Mrs. Victoria Bowie of 238 3rd St., S. W., has gone to Atlantic City to spend a few weeks, and will extend her trip several weeks in Jersey City.

The delegates of the United Order of True Reformers are making preparations to attend the 20th Annual Session, which will convene at Richmond, Va., Sept. 4.

Mrs. M. R. Proctor of 21st St., N. W. left the city Sunday for Opequon, Va., where she will spend two weeks.

Miss Lula Prater left the city to spend a short while with her brother in the city of New York.

Single fare to Fort Wayne, Ind., and return via B. & O., account U. N. U. National Encampment Tickets good going September 9-21, valid for return until 18th inclusive.

W. H. Daniels, Esq., of the Baltimore bar was in the city several days this week visiting his mother Mrs. Ruth A. Daniels of 819 2nd St., S. W. Mrs. Daniels has been quite ill for several months.

Miss M. Louise Watson, one of our efficient school teacher who had been ill for several weeks left the city Sunday last for Opequon, Va., where she will spend a few weeks.

Mr. Y. D. Peters of the Navy Department returned Saturday last, from Philadelphia, where he was called to attend the funeral of one of his friends.

Mr. Robert Holliday of Champlain avenue and Mr. W. H. Harris, of the Treasury Department will attend the meeting of the Tenth B. M. C. of the G. U. O. of O. F., at Louis, Ky., Oct. 2 next. Mr. Holliday will represent Potomac Union Lodge, No. 892, and Mr. Harris Bloom of Youth Lodge No. 1368.

Superintendent W. S. Montgomery and family are spending their vacation at Harpers Ferry, W. Va.

Mrs. Ida G. Richardson and her little daughter Jennie left last Saturday for Bordentown, N. J., the guest of Prof. J. M. and Mrs. Gregory.

Miss Mollie Marshall has returned after spending a pleasant time by the sea.

The florial offering sent by the clerks of the Recorders office to Mrs. Anna Thomas, was a beautiful book of flowers representing the liber in which Mrs. Thomas was recording the deeds at the time of her death. The inscription was in flowers as follows: 2507, folio 214.

WHAT I SAW AND HEARD.

There are a lot of sore heads in the Afro American Council keeping under cover. They agree to all that is said against the Administration.

Bishop Walters has given the Democrats substance to attack the Republicans His compliment to Bryan and his attack on the Administration has been put in pamphlet form.

Where were Pinchback, White, and others at the Afro American meeting?

The colored Democrats in the Government Departments are having a good time, while the Republicans are out in the sun.

The Democratic chiefs under the District Government are having a good time, while the white Republicans are pressing bricks.

The janitor of the District building knows how to boss. It is a wonder those towels he carries don't strain his arm.

The Democratic Times is allowing Public Printer Palmer to be attacked by an irresponsible party. There is no man in public life more friendly disposed toward the Negro than Mr. Palmer. He has appointed more colored printers than any other man who has held that office.

It is about time for public men to tell the truth. It is a bad thing to come to a conclusion about a person who is a public benefactor.

The shriners of the District will call for a report from their collectors, What that report will be there is some doubt. There has been a great deal of money collected, and the collectors are prepared to turn in a big sum. There is no doubt of the large sum that has been collected, and it is the intention of the collector to convince the committee that he knows how to collect and turn in.

Quite a number of the local league members remained at home. Of course those who remained at home were not seeking notoriety.

The excursion season is about over. The people are about tired now. Mr. Waller has had a good season.

It is a dangerous thing to handle one's name too freely with your pen. There were several cases of forgery in the court this week.

I am informed that it is all show at Atlantic City. It is too warm to keep cool.

There is a great display of ladies' dresses. It is amusing to see how one person tries to outdress the other.

The District Democrats are still kicking.

Our Chief of Police means to have a force or none at all. He knows how to regulate men.

ROUNDER.

THE WAR IN CHINA.

Count Waldersee May Be Appointed to Lead the Allies.

Recognized by Military Authorities as One of the Foremost Strategists of the Age—His Career in the German Army.

Count von Waldersee, field marshal of the German army, will rank all the commanders of the allies in China if the emperor has really decided to send the famous strategist to the scene of the fighting over sea. That the kaiser intends to do so appears probable from the cable dispatches coming from many sources.

Germany's field marshal is a soldier of the first magnitude. He is a veteran of two wars, the legitimate successor of Von Moltke, and was selected by that great general, it is said, as the most promising candidate for military honors in the empire. For more than 2,000 years Count Waldersee's family has been conspicuous in the military affairs of Prussia. His grandfather was the author of a standard work on the regulations in the German army. There are two editions of this book called "The Big" and "The Little Waldersee," and into the hands of every new German recruit was placed a copy of the latter. In 1868 half a dozen Waldersees were officers in the Prussian army. A brother of the count was killed at the battle of Bourget. Another brother was a commander in the navy, and other members of the family were well known for their patriotism.

While yet a captain the count was honored with a position on the staff of the general of the army, and he distinguished himself in Berlin as an

COUNT WALDERSEE.
(May Be Chosen to Lead the Allied Forces in China.)

earnest student and a thoroughly competent and scientific officer.

Few of the prominent military men of Europe are as distinguished in bearing and appearance as the field marshal. Tall and commanding as he is, he has little of the imperious style which is common to the European officer, and, oddly enough, he has passed through all the grades of the German army without acquiring that brusquerie almost inseparable from the military idea. The count, on the contrary, is suavity personified, but behind all his polish of manner and apparent complacency is a force which those best know to gauge who have met it in opposition to their own wills.

It is not surprising that such a man should be a brilliant courtier as well as an illustrious soldier. This was the impression which Lord Roberts took with him from Hanover, where he met Waldersee in the military maneuvers there several years ago and was the recipient of much admirable hospitality from the German officer.

Just before he was raised to his present high rank Count Waldersee distinguished himself at the Stettin maneuvers and so outgeneraled the kaiser himself as to win the unstinted praise of Bismarck, King Humbert of Italy and others. The emperor did not confine his admiration to words, but promoted Count Waldersee at once to the rank of field marshal.

The general's wife is as much a favorite with the emperor as is the great soldier himself. She was formerly Miss Mary Lea, daughter of a wealthy New York merchant. At 26 she was married to Prince von Noer, who at his death, six months later, left his widow an estate worth $4,000,000. The emperor of Austria created her a princess in her own right, and after two years of widowhood she married the dashing Waldersee. She is said to be even more brilliant than her husband as a courtier, and her influence in German politics is proverbial.

The Ostrich a Good Fighter.

Although the ostrich has powerful legs and can kick like a mule, his limbs are very brittle and are easily broken. He has two toes on each foot, one being armed with a horny nail, which he uses as his principal weapon of warfare. When an unarmed man is attacked by one of these birds the chances are very much against the man unless he can climb a tree or jump over a fire-foot wall.

Clock for a Sweet Tooth.

A strange clock was made during the last century for a French nobleman. The dial was horizontal, and the figures, being hollow, were filled with different sweets or spices. Thus running his finger along the hand, by tasting the owner could tell the hour without a light.

Where Hemlock Is Appreciated.

In parts of South America where mahogany is used for railroad ties and other ordinary uses, the native business men are said to prize the cheap hemlock and pine boards which are sent in the form of boxes and crates from this country.

VICE ADMIRAL POTTIER.

The French Commander in Chinese Waters Is an Able Seaman and Accomplished Diplomat.

Vice Admiral Edouard Pottier, the newly appointed French commander in chief in Chinese waters, is an alert robust man of 61 years of age. Admiral Pottier, besides his long sea service, has had much diplomatic experience. He commanded the French contingent during the outbreak in Crete, and at one time, in his capacity as senior flag officer, commanded the combined naval forces of the four

VICE ADMIRAL POTTIER.
(French Commander in Chief in Chinese Waters.)

powers. Admiral Pottier is a man of strong character and is gifted with charming conversational powers. He has great tact and has always enjoyed the confidence and respect of the officers of foreign nations with whom he came in close contact. He is looked upon as one of the most highly instructed officers in the French service, and his appointment to the highest command in China meets with warm approval in naval circles. The admiral has selected as his chief aide-de-camp Capt. Viaud, the brilliant writer and academician, well known by his literary name of Pierre Loti, who returned to Paris a few days ago from a mission in Asia.

Admiral Pottier will hoist his flag on the first-class armored cruiser Redoubtable, 9,300 tons, and one of the most formidable ships in the French navy. This is the first time that France has ever sent so large and powerful a vessel on a mission so far away from home waters. The Redoubtable draws only 7 meters 80 centimeters, which enables her to pass through the Suez canal. The Redoubtable forms a part of the French northern squadron, but will sail as soon as possible for China.

COUNT LAMSDORFF.

Czar Has Placed This Distinguished Diplomat at the Head of Russia's Foreign Office.

Count Lamsdorff, who was recently placed at the head of the Russian ministry of foreign affairs, has been appointed permanent foreign minister. For some time the appointment has been looked forward to as a certainty. The count is perhaps the most efficient officer for this important post in all Russia. For 30 years he has been connected with the for-

COUNT LAMSDORFF.
(Just Placed at the Head of the Russian Foreign Office.)

eign office, and upon his skill, knowledge and experience has depended much of the success of the various ministers under whom he has served. Lamsdorff was head of the foreign affairs department during the interval between the death of Prince Lobanoff and the accession of the late Count Muravieff. He is familiar with all the intimate secrets of the government's affairs, with the czar's plans for conquest and expansion, and, besides possessing the unbounded confidence of the emperor, he is well known and liked by all the diplomats who have gone to St. Petersburg from abroad.

American Ice Cream Freezers.

Ice cream freezers of American manufacture are sold all over the world, wherever ice, either natural or artificial, is used. The ice cream eaten in Calcutta or in Melbourne, or in any other city or country, European included, would be more than likely to have been made in an American freezer.

Wood Pulp for Clothing.

Wood pulp paper as military clothing is used by the Japanese troops It is marvelously tough and has an appearance that might well be regarded with satisfaction for summer wear. It holds stitching uncommonly well, while its warmth is undoubted.

Wise Way of Hunting.

Hawks have been seen to follow in the wake of a moving railway train, to swoop down on small birds that were suddenly disturbed and frightened by the noise, and therefore for the moment were off their guard.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

POPULAR EXCURSION TO NIAGARA FALLS,

THURSDAY, JULY 19, AUG. 2, AUG. 16, AUG. 30, SEPT. 27, AND OCT. 11.

$10.00 ROU TRIP $10.00

A Ten (10) Day Tour to Niagara Falls, America's Greatest Natural Wonder, via B. & O. Royal Blue Line and the Lehigh Valley Route, through the Lehigh and Wyoming Valleys, the Switzerland of America. Special train of elegant Day Coaches and Parlor Cars will be run on above dates schedule:

Lv. Washington, D. C.....8.30 A. M.
" Laural, Md. .....7.42 A. M.
" Baltimore, Md. (Camden Sttion).....9 19 A. M.
" Baltimore, Md.(Mt. Royal Station).....9.24 A. M.
" Wilmington, Del. ....10.52 A. M.
" Chester, Pa.....11.09 A. M.
Ar. Philadelphia, Pa.....11.27 A. M.
" Niagara Falls..... 11.00 P. M.

Stop—overs allowed on return trip at Buffalo, Rochester, Geneva, Watkins Glen and Mauch Chunk.

Only $1.00 Niagara Falls to Torento and return.

Side trip to Thousand Islands from Rochester only $5.50 round trip. Tickets good five days, but within return limit of Niagara Falls ticket.

Special arrangements for dinner and supper en route at very reasonable rates. Call on Ticket Agents Baltimore & Ohio R. R. for full particulars.

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OPEN TO BOTH SEXES.

The fall term, beginning October 3, 1900, the Georgia State Industrial College will receive both young men and young women as boarders. The entire expenses for board, washing, fuel and lights will be only $5.00 per month. The location and surroundings are healthful and elevating. A first class opportunity for young men and women to obtain a good literary and industrial education. The trades of Blacksmithing, Wheelwrighting, Carpentry, Painting, Bricklaying and Shoemaking will be taught the boys, and the arts of Sewing and Cooking will be taught the girls. Boarding space is limited and those who wish to come must apply early.

Respectfully,
R. R. WRIGHT, LL. D., President.
College, Ga.

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This preparation containtains the most valuable Blood Purifiers known to medical science, and its use will convince you that it has no equal for Impure Blood, Rheumatism, Liver and Kidney Complaints, Boils, Pimples, Ring-Worms, Tetters and Humors of Scrofulous Deseases. It makes pure, healthy blood, regulates the heart causes the blood to circulate freely and at normal temperature. It removes the causes producing Itching, Nervousness, Billiousness, Indigestion, Constipation, Exhaustion and that Tired Feeling. Especially adapted to the restoration of Typhid Liver, Gives tone to the Stomach Invigorates the kidneys, Cures Constipation, Produces a Healthy Appetite, Sound Digestion, Regular Stools, Clear Skin and a vigorous Body. Revives Vitality in weak despondent and overtasked Females, Strengthens the Sexual Organs and restores New Life.

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We want lady or gentlemen Agents in every town in the United States. You can earn big money if you will work for us even in your spare time. Write to us to-day. This may be the chance of your life. This offer is open to ladies or gentlemen—white or colored.

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Matchless and Positively Unequalled for Straightening all Kinky, Knotty, Stubborn, Harsh, Curly Hair.

HARTONA will make the hair grow long, soft, and straight. The use of one box of HARTONA will show immediate results. Makes the hair grow on bald and thin places. HARTONA cures Dandruff, Baldness, Falling Out of the Hair, and all Scalp Diseases. Remember, that HARTONA is the highest-priced hair remedy on the market, because it is the best. Price, $1.00 a box. Don't allow your hair and face to be ruined by dangerous chemicals that are sold cheap to catch the ignorant and uneducated classes. HARTONA is used by over 50,000 people in every State in the Union. HARTONA does not have to be used all the time, as it straightens the hair and gives it fresh life and lustre, and the hair stays and grows naturally straight after the use of HARTONA. On box of HARTONA can be used by every one in the family. Benefits and improves children's hair just the same as adults. Money positively refunded if you are not perfectly satisfied.

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will gradually turn the skin of a black person five or six shades lighter, and will turn the skin of a mulatto person perfectly white. HARTONA FACE WASH will not lighten the skin in spots, but all over evenly. The skin remains soft and bright without continual use of the Face Wash. One bottle does the work. It is your duty to look as beautiful as possible. Thousands of delighted patrons send us testimonials every year from all over the United States. HARTONA FACE WASH will remove Wrinkles, Dark Spots, Pimples, Black-Heads, Freckles, and all Blemishes of the Skin. You can regulate the shade of skin on neck, face, and hands to any shade you wish. Full directions with each bottle. HARTONA FACE WASH is perfectly harmless, and is sent to any part of the United States on receipt of price—$1.00 per bottle. Remember, your money is positively refunded if you are not absolutely satisfied and delighted with the Hartona Remedies.

HARTONA NO-SMELL

will remove all smells and bad odors of the body. Cures sore and aching feet, chafed limbs, etc.. HARTONA NO-SMELL is a God-send to all persons suffering from disagreeable odors caused by perspiration of the feet, arm-pits, etc. Sent anywhere on receipt of price—50c. a package.

Address all orders to—

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To introduce our remedies in this city, we will send to all persons who will cut out and mail to us this Coupon and ONE DOLLAR, three large boxes of HARTONA HAIR STRAIGHTENER, worth $3.00; two large bottles of HARTONA FACE WASH, worth $2.00; one package of HARTONA NO-SMELL, worth 50c. The entire lot of remedies, worth $5.50, will be sent securely sealed, so that no one can tell contents, for ONE DOLLAR and this Coupon. Order goods now, as this grand offer will last but a short time only. Write your name and address plainly. Money can be sent by Post-Office Money Order, Express, or enclosed in a Registered Letter.

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Three Large Boxes HARTONA HAIR STRAIGHTENER, worth $3.00
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AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN IN AMERICA. OUR GOODS SELL ON SIGHT.

SIMPLY PLAYED OUT.

How a Three Weeks' Rest Affects the Average City Man.

His Friends Were Worried About the Young Stenographer's Looks Until They Found Out That He Had Been to the Seashore.

Speaking of a young war department stenographer the Washington Star says that he tottered into a seat in the downtown Fourteenth street car the other morning about 8:30 o'clock and gasped for breath. His eyes were hollow, and his features looked pinched and drawn. There was a feverish light in his eyes. His hands were tremulous. He surely looked like a man in a bad way.

At the next corner one of the young stenographer's friends boarded the car and climbed into the same seat. He looked shocked when he recognized the young stenographer.

"Great Caesar, Billy, what ails you?" exclaimed the young stenographer's friend.

The stenographer turned a tired, mournful countenance upon his friend.

"Nothing," he replied, mopping the perspiration of weakness from his forehead.

"The dickens you say!" said his friend. "Why, man alive, you look like a wreck. Where's all your flesh? When I saw you about a month ago you weighed fully 20 pounds more, and you looked like a four-time winner. What you been doing with yourself?"

"Nothing," repeated the young war department stenographer, wearily opening up his morning newspaper.

"Well, if 'nothing' does that to a fellow, it's a dead new one on me, that's all," said his friend. "You want to get next to yourself, Billy, whatever ails you, or you'll be finding out how it feels to take a stretch in a pine box before long, that's all."

A couple of blocks farther down another of the young war department stenographer's friends got into the same seat. He looked at the hollow-eyed young man for some time

"WHAT AILS YOU, BILLY?"

before he was convinced that he could believe his eyes.

"Say, for heaven's sake, Billy," he said then, clapping the mournful-looking young stenographer on the back, "what's the matter with you, hey?"

"Nothing," replied the young stenographer, weakly, as before.

"Back up, what are you trying to give us?" exclaimed friend No. 2. "Say, you look like that mummy of Rameses the Twelfth. Never saw such a changed man in my life. Haven't been sick, have you?"

"Nope," replied the young stenographer.

"Say, is there any consumption in your family, Billy?" inquired friend No. 2, solicitously.

"Nope," answered the young stenographer.

"Well, whatever it is, you've got it, all right, son," put in his friend No. 2, "and you're all kinds of a jay for going to work, if you feel as bad as you look."

The young war department stenographer only smiled drearily.

At U street another man who knew the young stenographer got aboard the car, taking the seat ahead. He twisted around and gazed queerly at the young stenographer.

"Say, is that you, Billy?" he inquired, with an amazed expression on his face.

"I guess so, Jim," replied the stenographer, in a tired kind of way.

"I didn't know you'd been sick," said friend No. 3.

"I haven't," said the young stenographer.

"Haven't been sick?" said friend No. 3, in a skeptical tone. "Well, if you aren't the sickest looking proposition I've seen for a coon's age you can have my hat. What's the trouble?"

"Nothing," answered the young war department stenographer.

"Nothing, eh?" said friend No. 3. "Well, you want to take care of that 'nothing,' son, whatever it is. You've got no right to be going to work. You ought to get your leave and go away somewhere."

The young war department stenographer smiled a wan smile.

"I only got back last night," he said. "I've been down at the seashore for the past three weeks, resting."

"Oh!" said his three friends, all at once, laughing hollow, mocking laughs.

Must Bury Their Husbands.

An Atlanta jury decided that a wife is responsible for the burial expenses of her husband.

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WHAT IS OZONO?

A preparation prepared solely and distinctly to improve the condition of the hair of the negro race. Not a worthless, offensive, obnoxious, greasy injurious nostrums, but a delicately perfumed unguent, beautiful to look upon; made to adorn the lady, polish the gentleman, benefit youth, and gladden old OZONO straightens knotty, nappy, kinky, refractory hair. OZONO does this *alone*. No hot irons are necessary; no plastering down with grease. OZONO vidually straightens, without any outside assistance. It will cause the hair to come back on bald spots. It will restore gray hair to its natural color. It will the hair to grow long and straight, soft and fine, and beautiful as an April morn. It will cure all itching, burning, running, humiliating Scalp Diseases, Dandruff, Tetter, Scurf, and Eczema. Itch cannot live after OZONO has been applied. It is as pure as the dew-drop, beautiful as the morn, and harmless as the rippling in the babbling brook. Cleanliness is next to Godliness; filth is a *crime*. If your hair is short and harsh and kinky; if your scalp is covered with scurf and druff, or itch, or eczema it is doubtless your fault alone. If your little ones' heads are a mass of crusty, scaly, flaky scurf, teeming with germs and microbes, that invisible to the naked eye, but which are sapping the life from the hair and destroying it forever, and you allow this state to go on, it is a *crime*. It is your plain stop this—a duty you owe to yourself, to your child, to your Maker. OZONO is your remedy. OZONO will positively and permanently remove all the dandruff and straighten and beautify the hair, making it silky and glossy and black as the raven's wing. OZONO, as compared with other hair remedies, stands as high as mountain peak, fair as the lily, and glorious as the sun. OZONO is King. The price is **50c.** a box. It requires about four boxes to complete the treatment.

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Write to us at once, enclosing the small sum of **ONE DOLLAR,** and we will immediately forward to you four large boxes of OZONO. We will also send one large bottle of ELECTRIC SKIN REFINER, which makes rough skin soft and brightens the blackest skin, making it several shades lighter. Now, there much fraud practiced with face bleaches. Understand, we do not advertise this bleach to make one white. God alone can accomplish this, and it would be ridiculous. Unpin your faith from frauds. We assert that our Refiner will soften rough skin and brighten black skin, but it can do no more. Take our advice; don't with any bleach that is advertised to make you white; it is more apt to poison you. We will also include one fancy jar of ELECTRICAL SKIN FOOD, which sure remedy for all Skin Eruptions, Pimples, Black Heads, Liver Spots, and all Skin Diseases. It will remove Wrinkles, Scars, Facial Blemishes, and will positively take out Small-Pox Pits. This is saying a great deal, but it is true. It makes the old look young and the young look younger. And, lastly, to prove our liberality we will add a one-pint package of ANTI-ODOR. This remedy removes all smells and odors arising from the human body. Its uses are too numerous to mention. Full directions go with all goods. This grand aggregation is worth $3 50. Send **$1.00,** mention the name of this paper, and you will get the goods at once. ship all orders same day goods are received.

We wish to state that we are a thoroughly reliable firm, having many thousand dollars in our business. We refer to the editor of this paper, or to any house in Richmond. Our remedies and our business is founded on the altar of truth. Write your name and address plainly.

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Quick service to Michigan points daily on 12:05 A. M. train, arriving Toledo 6.35 P. M., without change, same day, making close connections to all points in Michigan.

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$2.50 for 25 cents,
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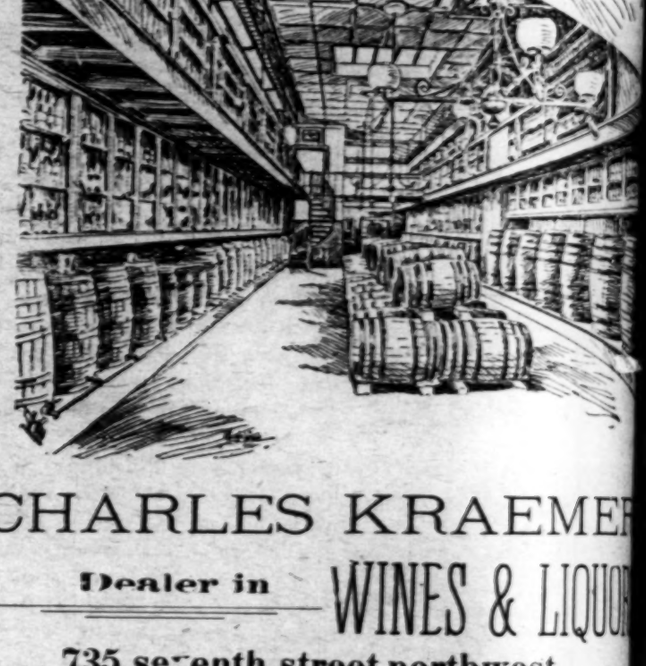

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A new style packet containing TEN RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) to put in the vest pocket—FOR FIVE CENTS. This low-priced sort is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five-cent cartons (120 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton for FIVE CENTS. RIPANS TABULES will be a hit for five cents. Best medicine ever made since the world was created.

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Rye Whiskies, Wines, Gins, Brandies and Rum.

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I shall in this column endeavor to answer all correspondence that may be sent and urgently request young ladies to read this column, and any questions that they wished answered please send them in before Saturday of each week.

By Miss MAY CLEMATIS.

J. M. Don't be unruly in company.

J. M. Be grateful to those who are your friends.

May. Don't be disrespectful to the old. You may regret it some day.

Sadie. You ask me why marrying is so slow among the young. Girls nowadays are unlike girls in former years.

Rachel. Be careful in your dealings with other people's business. You should not be ashamed to work.

Etta. Don't forget your true friends. Momentary friends are uncertain. You should never betray a true friend under any circumstances. My opinion of you is good.

D. M. Don't be carried away by dress. Fops generally put on all they have. Appearances are deceitful.

J. M. My advise to you is, seek agreeable company. Vulgarity will suit the careless girl. Let your language be refined.

M. W. You are too young to marry. Should you make up your mind pray select a companion who is not influenced by that which turns one's brains.

D. T. Do your duty and then you will never have cause to regret.

Miss Bell. You will succeed no matter what others may think. I would not advise you to change your occupation unless you can better your condition.

Estelle. Your departure will be regretted. It is hoped that you will have a successful career. School teaching may no doubt benefit you.

Amie. You cannot always teach men how to act by being polite to them. You must be possitive and give them to understand their place.

N. T. Be what nature made you. Powder and paint will do for the vulgar and not for the refined.

Education should be your ambition. Think well and do nothing that will cause suspicion.

Girls will talk about one another no matter how they conduct themselves.

Ida. You must change your vocation. It is not agreeing with you. A change of climate would no doubt improve your health.

Hanah. The fall fashions will be flashy and very dressy. Don't get an unbecuming custume.

A successful girl is an honest working girl.

Don't be ashamed of your occupation.

Don't be extravagant.

It is not well to go beyond your means.

A good man will make a good husband.

Do your duty and follow the rules of industry.

Speak well of Your Neighbors.

Don't flirt upon the public streets or in private.

I. S. It is not necessary for you to be introduced to every stranger you may meet simply because he is a stranger to you. Never embrace the opportunities offered at summer resorts to obtain an introduction to ladies from other cities. New faces often turn one's head.

This is a time that a young girl should be the more careful. Never try to out dress your companions.

Always sympathize with the unfortunate.

It is not always best to talk too much.

Be kind and gentle to your companion.

Do as you think best.

The man who thinks more of himself than you, let him pass.

A conceited man imagines that he is sought after more than the man of good sense.

Miss M. F. If you will read the following excerpt from the Ladies' Home Journal you will find what you want:

"The first wedding in the White House was that of Miss Maria Monroe, the President's daughter, in 1820. She married Samuel L. Gouverneur." writes Rene Bache, in the September Ladies' Home Journal. During the Hayes regime Miss Lucy Platt, a niece of Mrs. Hayes, was married at the Executive Mansion to General Russell Hastings. The most notable wedding celebrated at the White House was that of Nellie Grant, who was married May 21, 1874, to a young Englishmau, Algernon Charles Frederic Sartoris. The only White House wedding in which the Chief Executive has taken the bridegroom's part was celebrated June 2, 1886, when President Grover Cleveland married Frances Folsom, the daughter of his former law partner. President Tyler married during his incumbency, but in New York.'

Gossip may be friendly and neighborly. I like the word, because it conveys a suggestion of good news or good comment, but it is no longer gossip when it ceases to deal with pleasant happenings and loving wishes and becomes critical or censorious or lapses into slander. The most unworthy talk in the world is that which is carried on in whispers and semi-confidences, and which retails the unfortunate errors of people whom we know. Never to say an unkind thing, never to imply an unfriendly thing even by our silence, are rules which we should make and to which we should scrupulously adhere.—Margaret E. Sangster, in the September Ladies' Home Journal.

LITTLE BRASS RING.

Young Smedley Brought It Back After Days of Hard Work.

Strange Quest on the Result of Which Depended the Happiness of a Kentucky Farmer and His Best Girl.

It was only a little brass ring with a crystal setting, but when a bird flew away with it that meant the loss of his happiness to Jim Smedley, and its recovery was as the beginning of a new life. Alice Lane, too, is just as glad, and she doesn't try to hide her joy. Only the bird that carried off the ring might be sorry, but he is dead, and his last chirps on the subject are not recorded. Alice Lane says that when she is Mrs. Smedley she will year the bird on her hat for a constant reminder of how near pride came near making her miss happiness.

Jim Smedley, says the Louisville Courier-Journal, is a farmer who lives on the river road a mile or so above the old waterworks. Smedley is young in years and fortune and rich only in his love for Alice Lane. She is the daughter of another farmer, both old and rich as farmers go. Smedley seemed in love with the whole family. About the 1st of last May he won the girl. The elder Lane was willing. He had given her a diamond ring, and in return she drew from her finger an old brass one with a crystal setting, and slipped it on his.

"It's my lucky ring," she said. "As long as you keep it you may be sure of me. If you lose it I won't marry you until you bring it back to me again."

"It will be my lucky ring, too," he told her.

The next morning Miss Lane went to Brownsboro.

Two days after that Jim Smedley sat playing with a gay blackbird that he had caught. It was a soldier bird with the red markings on its wings just beginning to show. Smedley took the crystal ring from his finger and slipped it over the bird's head to see how the gold color and glass would contrast with the red-marked wings. Then as he handled it carelessly the little bird hopped from his hands and flew to a bush ten feet away. Smedley arose lazily and went to get him. The bird flew to the branch of a little tree 20

"IT'S MY LUCKY RING."

feet off. Then the man ran quickly to the house for his gun. When he returned the soldier bird had disappeared with his happiness.

A week after Alice Lane came home. Jim Smedley met her, and almost her first question after the greeting was: "Where is my lucky ring?"

He told her how he had lost it, and she laughed at him. She said that if he allowed a week-old bird to take her ring from him she was quite sure that any other man could take her away. She said the engagement was "off" until he brought back the ring.

Then of a necessity Jim Smedley became a hunter. His farm and crops were neglected, his home ran to disorder. Every morning before daybreak the man, his double-barreled shotgun over his shoulder, trudged out to kill soldier birds. The fellow who looked for a needle in a haystack had an easy time beside Smedley. Soon there was a noticeable falling off in the number of soldier birds. He would shoot one, run to it eagerly, feel gently at its neck and then throw the dead body aside with a snort of disgust.

One morning last week Smedley started for his regular day's hunt. He thought he would try the marshes down near the old waterworks. It was barely daylight when he reached there. The blackbirds and the field larks were just beginning to wake up and tell each other all about it.

Smedley saw a little fleck of red in the grass. He went toward it. Something black and red sprang up suddenly, and Smedley saw a soldier bird going straight away from him. The bird seemed top-heavy and flew a little low. A thought flashed through the man's mind that made his hands tremble. For the first time in weeks he missed. The bird turned to the left, and Smedley saw something bright gleam in the sunlight. His muscles stiffened into steel. At the shot the bird fell straight downward into the middle of a pond. Dropping his gun, Smedley went straight for him. The water and mud came up to his armpits, but he waded right in. He seized the soldier bird, felt at its neck and then splashed joyfully back to shore.

Alice Lane was cutting the bacon for breakfast when she heard the noise of some one running and the earnest barking of a dog. She looked out of the window to see a man rushing toward the house. It was Jim Smedley bringing in his bird. He entered the kitchen all radiant, wet and out of breath. Then he walked up to the girl and threw a dead soldier bird on the table before her. "Alice," he said, "I've brought you your ring."

BENJAMIN WAS SMART.

How a Garrulous Philadelphia Parrot Caused the Arrest and Holding of His Abductor.

The Philadelphia North American says that if ever Louis Volter, of that city, made a mistake, it was when he kidnaped Samuel Deitz's East Indian parrot Benjamin.

First, the gaudy-feathered bird caused Volter's arrest, and appeared against his abductor in the Fairmount avenue police court.

Benjamin hung in a gilded cage in a rear room in Deitz's house, No. 418 North Fifth street. Volter found the door open and walked into the house.

VOLTER WAS STARTLED.

He helped himself to a coat, and was going to the back room when he heard a voice.

"Git out!" it seemed to say.

Volter was startled. He looked around and found it was Benjamin, the parrot, that addressed him. Then he wrapped the coat around the cage and ran away with the parrot.

"Devil! Devil!" screamed Benjamin, at Second and Willow streets. Patrolman Nece heard the voice. "What have you there?" he demanded. Volter ran and escaped. Later Nece arrested him. He was arraigned before Magistrate Ladner.

Deitz and his East Indian parrot were at the hearing. The magistrate looked at the parrot. Then he looked at Volter and asked: "Did you steal that bird?"

"No, sir," said Volter.

"You lie," piped Benjamin.

"I don't think I can accept the evidence of a bird," remarked the judge, solemnly. Then he asked Deitz and Patrolman Nece if Volter was guilty. They said he was, and Benjamin croaked something that sounded like "Oh, you devil!"

"I'll wring that bird's neck!" growled Volter.

"Five hundred dollars bail for court," said the magistrate, and Deitz left the courtroom with Benjamin piping: "Oh, I don't know!"

CURE FOR A MASHER.

A Bright Young New York Nurse Offered Him a Copper Coin by Way of Charity.

The masher is abroad in the land as numerously as ever. He is brazen-faced and impertinent and succeeds in making himself disliked by all girls of decency and self-respect. Occasionally one meets his match, however, and is exposed to the ridicule he has invited In New York the other day a young woman, tall and slight, with an attractive face and looking remarkably innocent, was doing a little shopping. Being a trained nurse and having been graduated about a year before, she had some acquaintance with men and women. Already she had learned that she must take care of herself.

One day last week she was off duty and had been doing a little shopping

"WHAT DO YOU TAKE ME FOR?"

for herself. She was on her way back to the nurses' home where she had her room. As the day was a little showery, she was out in her rainy day suit, without any umbrella and no desire for one. Presently she noticed a tall stranger walking beside her. He held his umbrella over her head and seemed disposed to make her acquaintance and act as her escort without any encouragement from her. He was well dressed and had the air of a decidedly well-to-do person. She strode on with a cold expression on her face, never deigning any response to his efforts at conversation. The situation became more and more annoying. Then, suddenly, to his amazement, the girl opened her purse, and selecting from it a cent, she turned and, without a word, held it between her thumb and finger toward the man. He almost gasped as he exclaimed, entirely off his guard:

"What do you take me fore?"

Then came her moment of triumph as she answered promptly: "A beggar."

Without delay he turned and went another way.

ROYAL LOVE MATCH.

Beauty of Lowly Station Now Is Queen of Servia.

Young King Alexander Lost His Heart to the Pretty Widow of an Engineer and Forgot All About His Station.

The king of Servia has married himself to the beautiful woman beyond the pale of royalty, and the Servian throne shakes violently thereat. Who ever heard of a king marrying anybody but another queen, or at least a princess? But Mme. Draga Maschin was neither queen, princess or even a humble offspring or a cousin to royalty. But she is now queen. In fact, the young king of Servia has quite set the courts of Europe by the ears.

Mme. Maschin was a widow. She has no title, nor has her family. Her father was a minor court official. Her reputation is spotless, though. She is quite poor. She is likewise young.

Before she was out of her teens the girl was married off to an engineer. She had but a few years of wifehood, which were very unhappy. Then her husband died, leaving her still young and more beautiful than ever, but quite sad.

The king of Servia, whose father abdicated the throne in his favor chiefly because there would have been a rexolution if he hadn't, went a-seeking a wife a year ago. He thought, of course, that he must have a princess of royal blood for his queen. There being none at home, he went abroad.

He saw the king of Belgium, who said that he wasn't marrying any of his daughters just then. He took a trip to Berlin, where Kaiser Wilhelm made it plain that he didn't want a

DRAGA, QUEEN OF SERVIA.
(King Alexander Married Her in Spite of Vigorous Opposition.)

Hohenzollern to marry anybody from Servia. The czar quietly intimated that the king of Servia would save himsef a lot of trouble by not coming to St. Petersburg.

The emperor of Austria was quite shocked at the idea, and as for the prince of Wales—a daughter of his going to Servia was quite out of the question. So the king came home brideless.

One day he was sadly riding along a country road, moody and preoccupied. Suddenly he met Mme. Maschin. Her beauty electrified him.

He noted her alabaster skin, her deep violet eyes, her superb figure and the classic features that would have put many a Venus to blush. He bowed because he knew that she had been a lady-in-waiting upon Queen Natalie, his mother. But as a boy he had never realized her beauty before.

"Why do I waste my time," he said to one of his intimates, "seeking and courting homely princesses, when this divine woman lives at my door?"

He was head over heels in love. He danced attendance upon Mme. Maschin. He showered her with gifts. From a tot and a roue he changed in the twinkling of an eye to a decent, sober young man, full of love for his people and his beautiful Mme. Maschin. He proposed. The beautiful widow accepted. Only on July 23 the betrothal was published in the Official Gazette. There were murmurs of disapproval. How could a king marry a woman of humble birth?

The king was steadfast. He called his officers about him. He announced who was to be their queen. A few cheered. The king was dumfounded. Then the spirit of the moment carried them away and they joined in wild huzzahs.

"I am the king and I can do as I please," announced the king to his cabinet.

The ministers resigned in a body. Ex-King Milan started at once to reach Servia, vowing that his son could never marry beneath him. He was general of the Servian army, and there might be trouble. King Alexander had his father stopped at the frontier. Then the ex-king resigned his command.

As a matter of fact the present Servian dynasty is not descended from royalty. As late as 1829 the head of the house, Milos Obrenovitch, was a swineherd. King Milan's dissipations cost him his throne and forced Queen Natalie to divorce him.

The new queen is wildly fond of her people, and they of her. Before her marriage she took an extended trip through Servia and was everywhere received with great enthusiasm and respect.

"We shall have many difficulties," she said to a newspaper correspondent, "but we shall surmount them all."

The bridal procession passed through streets gay with flags and flowers. Carpets were hung from windows and the balconies were crowded with people. It is estimated that no fewer than 30,000 persons came from the provinces and from abroad to see the wedding pageant.

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CONSUMPTION

SIR ALFRED GASELEE.

Commander of the British Forces in China Has Had a Varied Experience as a Soldier.

Lieut. Gen. Sir Alfred Gaselee, commander of the British forces in China, it is officially stated, started the other day on the march to Peking, regardless of whether the allies would go with him or not. Gen. Gaselee is a soldier with a long fighting record in India. Thirty-seven years ago he began his military career, and first saw service on the northwestern frontier. He fought in Abyssinia in 1868; was in the Beyotee expedition of 1869, and the Jowaki-Afridi expedition of 1877, and

GEN. SIR ALFRED GASELEE.
(Commander of the British Forces on the Way to Peking.)

took part in the Afghan war of a year or two later. The Zhob valley expedition, the Hazara expedition and the Isayai expedition kept him employed pretty constantly until his service with Waziristan field force in 1894. By that time he was a colonel, and he became a temporary brigadier general in 1893—the year of his knight commandership of the Bath. Sir Alfred, who is an aide-de-camp to the queen, has therefore had a long and varied experience to fall back upon in the discharge of the new and onerous duties that he has now taken in hand. Gen. Gaselee is in his fifty-seventh year.

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The all day rally at the Third Baptist Church Sunday last, resulted in the collection of over $300. Through the efforts of the membership and Rev. James H. Lee, the popular and energetic pastor, the church debt is being liquidated. The Sunday School also had a rally, and through its very efficient and active superintendent Miss Louise Coleman, presented the church with $15 and the pastor $5.

Mr. S. B. Bachrach who for years kept the Drug Store at the corner of 3rd and I street northwest, has moved to 5th and I streets northwest, in a much larger store, and has a much larger line of the finest drugs ever displayed in any first class drug store in the city. If you fail to find what you want in this store you had better send your order to New York.

Brea' is the staff of life some people say, but it must be the right kind of bread. The Boston Baking Co mpany is selling the freshest and most wholesome bread to be found. Ask your groceryman for it, and tell the children to call for it. Save your wife's strength by buying Boston Baking Company bread.

THE ISRAELS ON THE RIVER.

A FASHIONABLE EXCURSION TO LOWER CEDAR POINT.

Last Thursday the Israel C. M. E. Church's Excursion to Lower Cedar Point, that most picturesque resort on the Lower Potomac was numerically and otherwise a success in spite of the inclement weather.

Just as the boat landed to disembark her boquet of beautiful young ladies and their escorts, the rain began to pour down in torrents, making one of the grandest spectacles ever witnessed by many of the younger set. Indeed few of the older heads ever witnessed the strange effect of the rain-drops pelting against the rolling waves, throwing them into a state of confusion, until they looked to the close observer like millions of jewels on the angry waters.

There were many of the recognized social and fraternal lights, a few of whom will be mentioned: Messrs. Jerome A. Johnson, John Smallwood, Dr. Dowling, Revs. J. W. Harris, J. C. Martin of South Carolina, Mr. and Mrs. George Johnson, Miss Maud Johnson, Master Carlisle Johnson, Mrs. Walter S. Over, Mrs. Richard Shaw, Miss Over, the Misses Shaw, Mr. Richard Shaw, Jr., Mr. George Shaw, Mrs. Wm. H. Cowan and her cousin, Miss Rosa Belle Jackson of Richmond, Va. Mrs. H. C. Irving, Mrs. W. H. Severson, Miss Ella Wayne, Mrs. Lizzie Marshall, officers of Queen Esther Chapter, F. A. A. M. Their titles are: Treasurer, Past Matron, Matron, Past Matron respectively. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Cole, Misses Blanche and Eva Wilson, Hattie Ross Bessie Snowden, Carrie Davis, Annie Taylor, Hallie Greig, Mabel Williams Daisy Clinton, Emma Douglass, Mamie and Mclulia Taylor, Reita Thomas, J. C. Carter, Mabel Drew, Daniel Rollins, Wm. Richardson, Robt. Cephas, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Butler, Mrs. Fred Dawes, Mrs. Richard Brooks, Mrs E. F. Graham, Mrs. Agnes Hutchinson, all of whom with the BEE's represenative that the Rev. C. W. Lane and his Stewards are authorities on the "Proper Conduct" of large excursions. The order maintained was superb. The music was exceptionally sweet and of harmonious nature.

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DIANA OF ADIRONDACKS.

Comely May Stanton, a Massachusetts Girl, Faced and Shot a Big Black Bear.

Miss May Leon Stanton, of Brookline, Mass., has been crowned the Diana of the Adirondacks because of an achievement as a huntress that few men have equaled for many years past.

With a party of friends Miss Stanton was in camp on the north shore of Long pond, which is hid far back in the deepest recesses of the forest, nearly half a hundred miles from Saranac lake. Early one morning, lying awake on her cot, she heard the low growls of bruin. Quickly she donned her hunting

WAITING FOR BRUIN.

skirt, reached for her Marlin and went outside. The moon was shining brightly and the bear, big and black, could be plainly seen moving about their tents.

Miss Stanton did not leave her post, nor did she attempt to arouse any of the other members of the party. She only waited.

Bruin, not finding anything particularly fascinating about the other tents, came in the direction of Miss Stanton's. The young woman stood in front of her tent and slightly in the shadow, but bruin saw her, and in a moment lumbered toward her with open jaws, from which emitted very ugly growls. The heart of Miss Stanton might have fluttered considerably, but her aim was superb and bruin keeled over on his side after the first shot. To make sure, Miss Stanton approached near and sent two more cartridges into the brute's head.

By this time the entire party was aroused and Miss Stanton was the object of many congratulations. Even the old guides marveled at her splendid pluck and aim. When asked why she did not arouse the camp when she first learned of bruin's presence, she replied

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STRAIGHTINE is no experiment, but a thoroughly reliable preparation. It has been successfully used by thousands in all portions of the country. We have hundreds of letters speaking in the highest terms of its merits, and every mail brings us fresh testimonials. Straightine is a highly perfumed pomade; it not only Straightens the Hair, but removes Dandruff, Keeps the Hair from Falling Out, cures Itching, Irritating Scalp Diseases, giving a rich, long and luxurious head of hair—so much to be desired. Guaranteed perfectly harmless. Price, 25 Cents a can at all drug stores, or sent by mail to any address on receipt of 30 Cents in stamps or silver. Address, NELSON M'F'G CO., Richmond, Va. Big Money for Agents. Write for Terms.

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A WONDERFUL FACE BLEACH.
HAIR STRAIGHTENER. One LARGE JAR thrown in, enough to make any one person's hair grow long and straight.
A WONDERFUL FACE BLEACH.
A PEACH-LIKE complexion obtained if used as directed. Will turn the skin of a black or brown person four or five shades lighter, and a mulatto person perfectly white. In forty-eight hours a shade or two lighter will be noticeable. It does not turn the skin in spots but bleaches out white. One box of this preparation is all that is required if used as directed, the skin remaining beautiful without continual use. Will remove wrinkles, freckles, dark spots, pimples and black-heads, smallpox pits, tan and liver spots without harm to the skin. When you get the color you wish, stop using the preparation. The directions and preparation will be sent to any person for $1.00, or send Post-Office Money Order, Express Money Order, Registered Letter, or we will send it C. O. D. Packed so that no one will know contents except receiver.
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Green and Smoked Sausage, to sell at the exceeding low figure of 8½c per lb., so come early and you won't be left.
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EXCURSION TO LYNCHBURG AND DANVILLE, VA.,
SEPTEMBER 1-3, 1900.
We take pleasure in announciug to our readers that Mr. Thos. Leftwick, the celebrated excursion manager, has arranged with the Southern Railway for an excursion from Washington and Alexandria to Lynchburg and Danville, Va., to leave Washington at 11:00 P. M., Saturday, September 1, 1900, to arrive at Lynchburg and Danville early Sunday morning, and returning, leave Danville 10:00 P. M., and Lynchburg 11.30 P. M., Monday, September 3, arriving in Washington early Tuesday morning. Patrons of this excursion will have two whole days in Lynchburg and Danville, Sunday and Labor Day, and as this will be the only excursion of the season to these points, all who can should take advantage of this opportunity. The rates will be: from Washington and Alexandria, to Lynchburg $2.75 round trip, and to Danville $3.25 round trip.
Further information can be obtained upon application to J. L. Saunders or Thos. Leftwich, 1626 Madison street, northwest, city.

ANNOUNCEMENT.
CLINTON COTTAGE,
1820 Atlantic Ave.,
Atlantic City, N. J.
Under the management of Mr. E. Murray, the experienced caterer of Washington, D. C., is now open for the season 1900.
The Cottage has been greatly improved and refitted with new carpets and additional furniture.
All first class help have been engaged for this season and the very best service will be afforded all guest who patronize the Clinton.
Clinton Cottage is splendidly located only two blocks from the ocean front.
The dining room has been newly fitted up and will be run separate from the cafe.
The cafe will be run on the European Plan.
Board by the week, day, or by meals, also ice cream and confectionaries for sale.
For terms, please address
Mr. E. Murray, Proprietor,
600 3rd st. s. w.,
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